

# Lambeth and the Indices of Deprivation 2025 Report

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# Executive summary

The English Indices of Deprivation (IoD) rank 33,755 small areas in England (known as LSOAs) by how deprived they are, from most (1st) to least (33,755th) deprived. The IoD consists of seven standalone indexes, which are combined and weighted to form the overall Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD). Together, these eight indices provide an understanding of how deprived different areas of the country are relative to each other.

Updated for the first time since 2019, the IoD 2025 highlight key challenges for London and Lambeth in tackling deprivation – particularly around the living environment and income deprivation (especially where this impacts older people).

London and Lambeth fair much better when it comes to education and skills.

**Overall, in the IMD 2025, Lambeth is more deprived than three quarters (76%) of local authority districts.** But also, for each index...

Living environment	Lambeth is <b>more</b> deprived than <b>98%</b> of local authority districts
Income deprivation	Lambeth is <b>more</b> deprived than <b>82%</b> of local authority districts
Income deprivation affecting older people	Lambeth is <b>more</b> deprived than <b>98%</b> of local authority districts
Income deprivation affecting children	Lambeth is <b>more</b> deprived than <b>85%</b> of local authority districts
Crime	Lambeth is <b>more</b> deprived than <b>82%</b> of local authority districts
Barriers to housing and services	Lambeth is <b>more</b> deprived than <b>76%</b> of local authority districts
Employment deprivation	Lambeth is <b>more</b> deprived then <b>61%</b> of local authority districts
Health and disability	Lambeth is <b>more</b> deprived than <b>61%</b> of local authority districts
Education and skills	Lambeth is <b>less</b> deprived then <b>78%</b> of local authority districts

# Introduction



Lambeth

# About the IoD 2025

The **English Indices of Deprivation (IoD)** consists of indexes that rank 33,755 small areas in England (known as LSOAs) by how deprived they are, from most (1<sup>st</sup>) to least (33,755<sup>th</sup>) deprived. This provides an understanding of how deprived different areas of the country are relative to each other.

The IoD consists of **seven standalone indexes**, which are combined and weighted to form the overall **Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD)**.

Each IoD domain has a different weighting on the overall index and is itself based on its own basket of indicators used to explicitly measure that type of deprivation.

The seven IoD domains are:

- ❖ **Income deprivation (22.5%)** | Draws on data around income-based support and benefits. This domain also includes two supplementary indices, which specifically focus on these measures among children aged 0-15 (Income Deprivation Affecting Children Index, IDACI) and adults aged 60 and over (Income Deprivation Affecting Older People Index, IDAOPI).
- ❖ **Employment deprivation (22.5%)** | Draws on data around (un)employment-based support and benefits.
- ❖ **Education, Skills and Training Deprivation (13.5%)** | Draws on data around educational attainment and qualifications.
- ❖ **Health Deprivation and Disability (13.5%)** | Draws on data around disability, morbidity, and mental health.
- ❖ **Crime (9.3%)** | Draws on data around violent crime, property crime, and anti-social behaviour.
- ❖ **Barriers to Housing and Services (9.3%)** | Draws on data around transport connectivity, housing affordability, overcrowding, homelessness, and access to services like GPs and broadband.
- ❖ **Living Environment Deprivation (9.3%)** | Draws on data around housing quality and energy efficiency, air quality and pollution, and road traffic accidents.

You **can** use the IoD to...

- ❖ Compare small areas and local authorities across England
- ❖ Identify the **most** and **least** deprived small areas
- ❖ Look at changes in an area's **ranks** between iterations

You **cannot** use the IoD to...

- ❖ Quantify how deprived or affluent a small area is (in **absolute** terms)
- ❖ Identify deprived people
- ❖ Compare areas in England with areas in other UK countries (e.g., Scotland)
- ❖ Measure **absolute** change in deprivation over time

# Key changes since 2019: Methodology

The last IoD was put together in 2019 – since then, there have been several changes to the methodology used. Many of these have enabled this IoD to better capture deprivation in urban areas, granting Lambeth a more accurate series of domain scores compared to previous iterations of the IoD.

- ❖ **For the Income Domain**, the threshold for a household to be considered ‘low-income’ has been raised from 60% of the national median income (before housing costs) to 70% **after housing costs**. This provides a much more valid picture of income-based deprivation – especially for areas like Lambeth, which has especially high housing costs that push many households with otherwise ‘high’ gross incomes (relative to the national median) into poverty.
- ❖ **For the Crime Domain**, more types of offences have been included in the domain’s measures, well as a new indicator for anti-social behaviour, which has never been included in the IoD. The domain now also accounts for crime taking place in prisons, which has previously been excluded from the IoD – this has implications for Lambeth’s relative score in this domain, as the borough hosts a prison at HMP Brixton.
- ❖ **For the Barriers to Housing and Services Domain**, various measures have been improved to now better reflect the realities of deprivation – especially in urban areas like Lambeth. Of note:
  1. A more holistic measure of connectivity has been used: replacing the previous emphasis on road distance to services, with an indicator that takes into account the availability, frequency, and efficiency of local public transport.
  2. The definition of overcrowding has been expanded to account for an inadequate number of **bedrooms**, as well as rooms overall.
  3. Average broadband upload and download speeds have been included in the domain, reflecting the importance of digital connectivity.
- ❖ **For the Living Environment Deprivation Domain**, indicators have been introduced based on homes’ EPC data, households’ access to private outdoor space, and local noise pollution from road, rail and aircraft. The latter two are especially relevant for Lambeth as a densely populated urban area, where both of these markers of deprivation are relatively commonplace.

# Key changes since 2019: The IMD

There has been a steady increase in the proportion of local authority districts with at least one neighbourhood in the most deprived IMD decile nationally since 2004.

## Proportion of Local Authority Districts (LADs) with at least one neighbourhood in the most deprived decile nationally at time of release

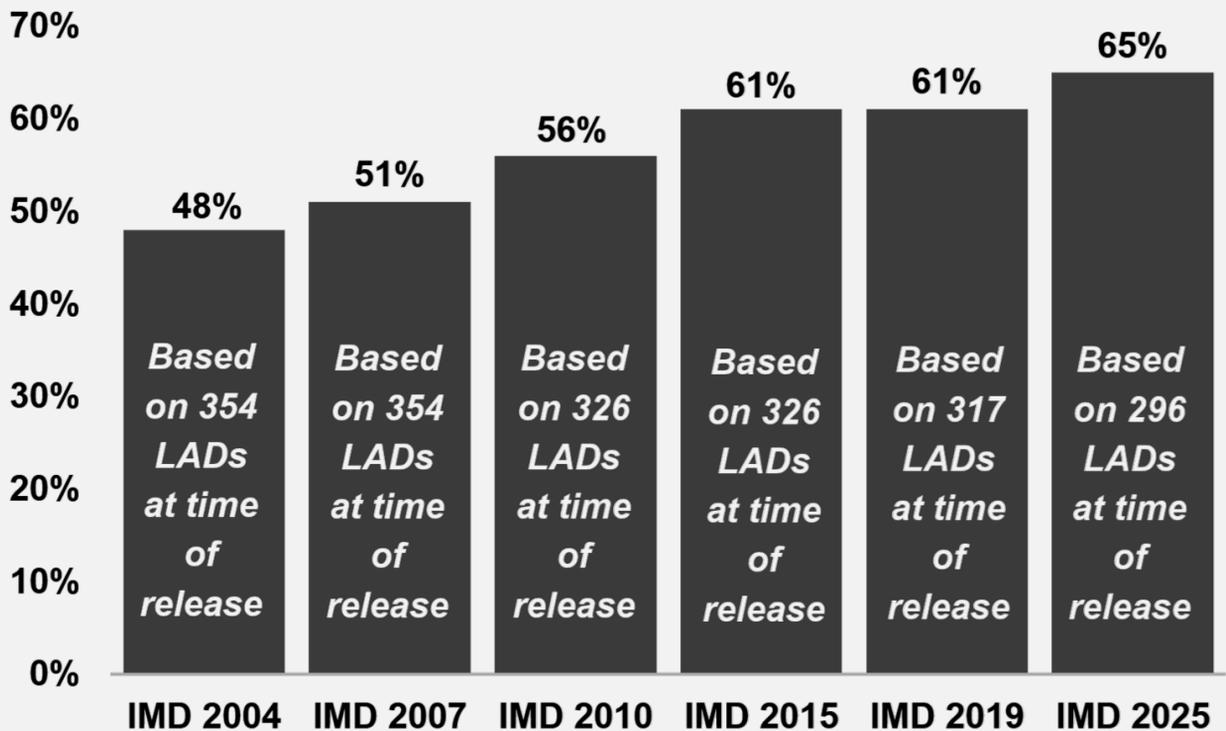


Chart taken from: [English indices of deprivation 2025: statistical release - GOV.UK](#)



Administrative boundary changes may have had an impact on the pattern of deprivation observed in some places. However, just under half (48%) of LADs contained at least one highly deprived neighbourhood according to the IMD2004 compared to 65% in the IMD2025.

# The Index of Multiple Deprivation



Lambeth

# The IMD: Overview

The Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) is an overall measure, calculated by combining different types of deprivation.

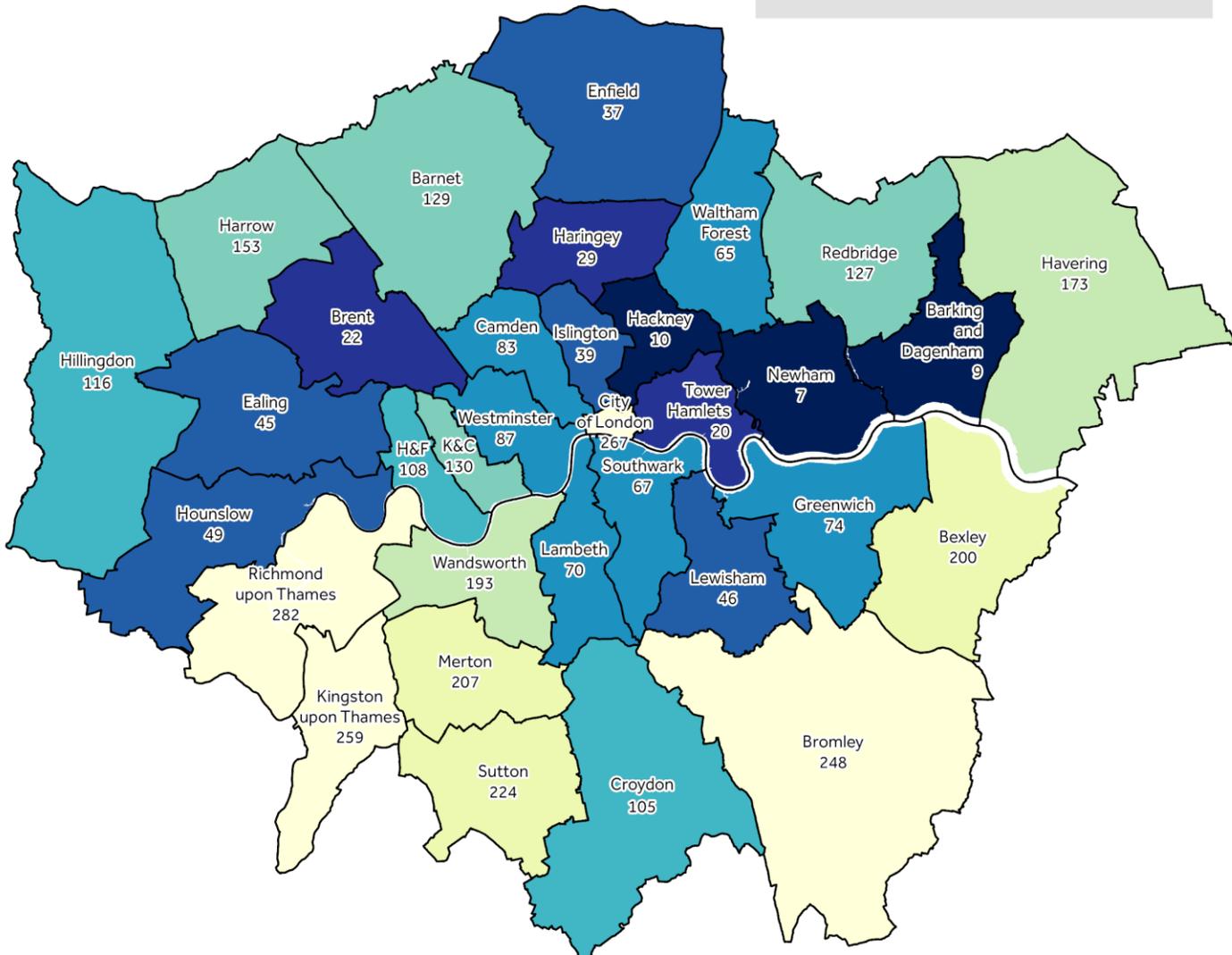
**Lambeth ranks 70<sup>th</sup>** (where 1 is the most deprived local authority area) out of 296. This means Lambeth is more deprived than 76% of local authority districts.

In 2019, Lambeth ranked 42<sup>nd</sup> out of 317.

## IMD: London

Local authorities

London boroughs by IMD ranking (out of 296)



# The IMD: The London picture

London boroughs generally rank quite highly in this overall measure - particularly in the northeast and west.

While we cannot compare directly from 2019 to 2025 due to changes in methodology, the 2025 data places Lambeth as the **14th most deprived in LA in London. In 2019, Lambeth was the eighth.**

Newham and Barking and Dagenham are the top two most deprived boroughs in London. They are also both within the top ten nationally.

## 2019

Local Authority	IMD rank (where 1 is most deprived)
Barking and Dagenham	5
Hackney	7
Newham	12
Tower Hamlets	27
Islington	28
Lewisham	35
Haringey	37
<b>Lambeth</b>	<b>42</b>
Southwark	43
Waltham Forest	45
Brent	49
Enfield	59
Greenwich	60
Ealing	88
Hounslow	95
Hammersmith and Fulham	96
Croydon	102
Kensington and Chelsea	122
Camden	132
Westminster	134
Hillingdon	151
Redbridge	160
Wandsworth	173
Havering	179
Barnet	184
Bexley	190
Harrow	199
City of London	208
Merton	214
Sutton	227
Bromley	230
Kingston upon Thames	270
Richmond upon Thames	297

## 2025

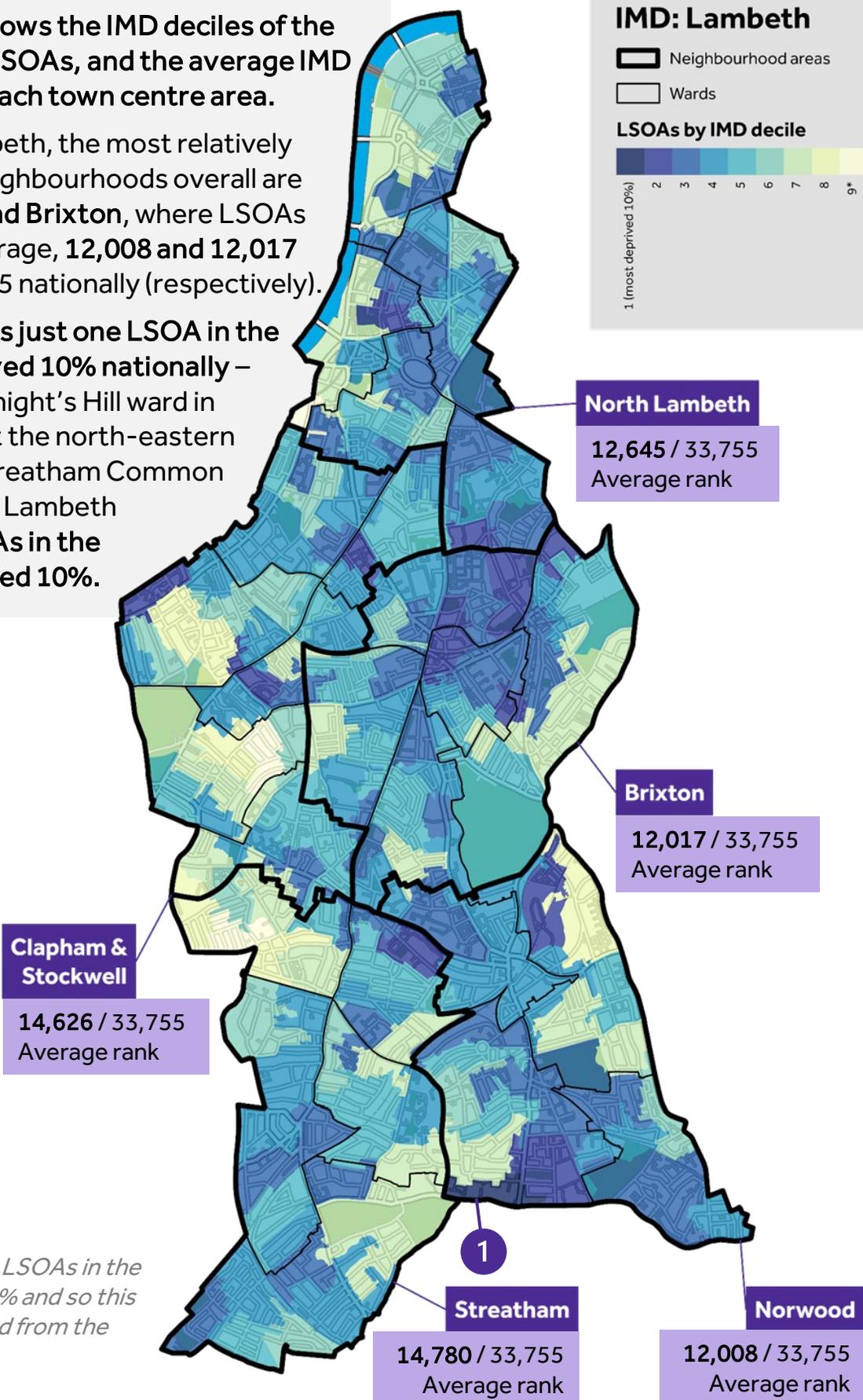
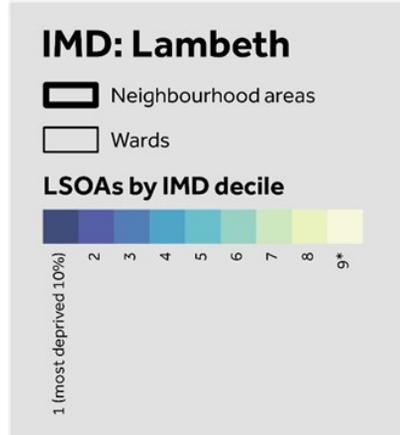
Local Authority	IMD rank (where 1 is most deprived)
Newham	7
Barking and Dagenham	9
Hackney	10
Tower Hamlets	20
Brent	22
Haringey	29
Enfield	37
Islington	39
Ealing	45
Lewisham	46
Hounslow	49
Waltham Forest	65
Southwark	67
<b>Lambeth</b>	<b>70</b>
Greenwich	74
Camden	83
Westminster	87
Croydon	105
Hammersmith and Fulham	108
Hillingdon	116
Redbridge	127
Barnet	129
Kensington and Chelsea	130
Harrow	153
Havering	173
Wandsworth	193
Bexley	200
Merton	207
Sutton	224
Bromley	248
Kingston upon Thames	259
City of London	267
Richmond upon Thames	282

# The IMD: The Lambeth picture

This map shows the IMD deciles of the borough's LSOAs, and the average IMD ranking of each town centre area.

Within Lambeth, the most relatively deprived neighbourhoods overall are **Norwood and Brixton**, where LSOAs rank, on average, **12,008** and **12,017** out of 33,755 nationally (respectively).

Lambeth has just one LSOA in the most deprived 10% nationally – located in Knight's Hill ward in Norwood, at the north-eastern corner of Streatham Common (1). Notably, Lambeth has no LSOAs in the least deprived 10%.



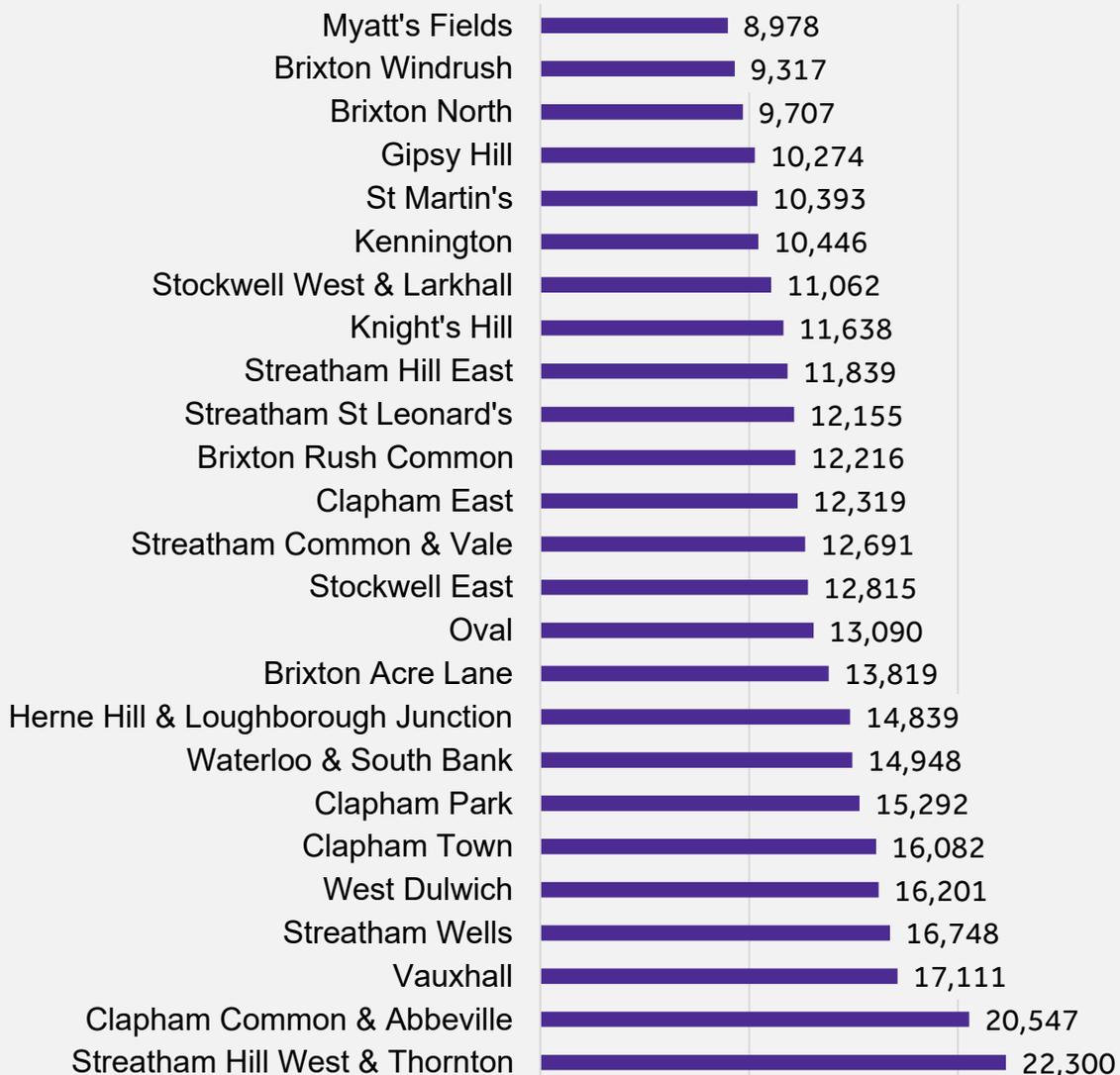
*\*Lambeth has no LSOAs in the least deprived 10% and so this has been excluded from the map key.*

# The IMD: Lambeth wards

To show how relative deprivation varies across Lambeth's wards, we have calculated the average IMD rank of each ward's LSOAs. **These are shown on the chart below.** Where LSOAs cut across multiple wards, these have been matched with the ward they most overlap with.

Wards with lower averages are more relatively deprived than wards with higher averages. **Accordingly, Myatt's Fields is the most deprived ward in Lambeth, with its LSOAs – on average – ranking 8,978 out of 33,755 LSOAs in England.** Meanwhile, Streatham Hill West and Thornton is the least relatively deprived, with its LSOAs having an average IMD ranking of 22,300 out of 33,755.

## Lambeth wards by average IMD rank (out of possible 33,755)



# Income deprivation



Lambeth

# Income deprivation: Overview

Income deprivation reflects how many people have a low income, including people who are out of work and people who are working but have low earnings. It contributes to 22.5% of a neighbourhood's overall (IMD) deprivation score.

**Lambeth is the 54<sup>th</sup> most income-deprived local authority area out of 296.**

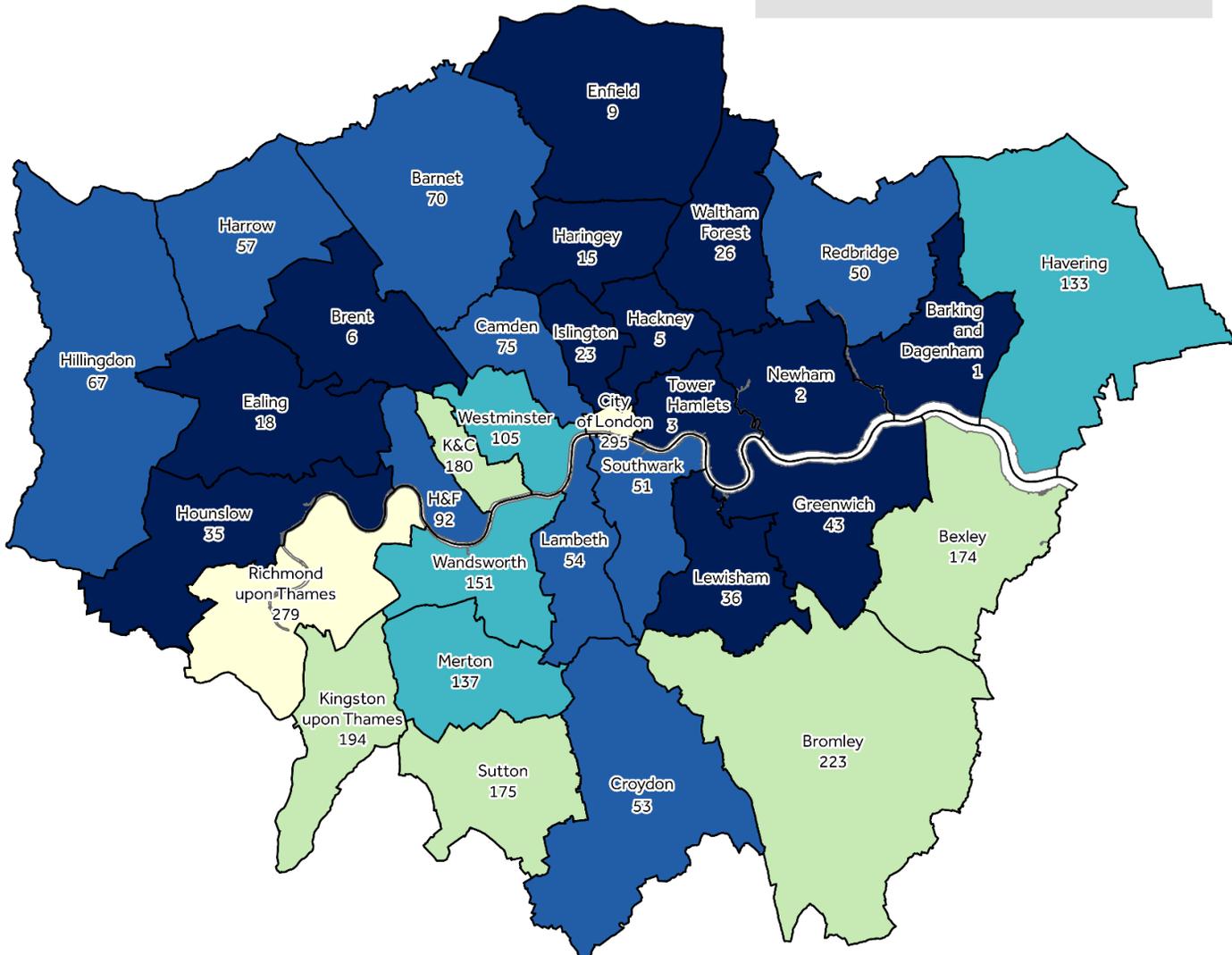
This means that, in this dimension, Lambeth is more deprived than 82% of local authority districts.

In 2019, ranked Lambeth 45<sup>th</sup> out of 317.

## Income: London

Local authorities

London boroughs by income deprivation ranking (out of 296)



# Income deprivation: The London picture

London boroughs generally rank quite highly in this measure, particularly in the northeast and west.

While we cannot compare directly from 2019 to 2025 due to changes in methodology, the 2025 data places Lambeth as the **17th most deprived LA in income measures in London**, as opposed to 13<sup>th</sup> in 2019.

Barking and Dagenham, Newham, and Tower Hamlets are the three highest ranked (most income-deprived) in the country .

2019	
Local Authority	Income rank of average rank
Barking and Dagenham	4
Hackney	5
Tower Hamlets	10
Islington	17
Newham	19
Lewisham	28
Enfield	30
Haringey	31
Brent	38
Greenwich	39
Southwark	40
Waltham Forest	43
<b>Lambeth</b>	<b>45</b>
Ealing	63
Hammersmith and Fulham	78
Hounslow	86
Camden	87
Croydon	89
Redbridge	110
Westminster	121
Hillingdon	126
Harrow	132
Barnet	137
Havering	159
Wandsworth	162
Bexley	171
Merton	184
Kensington and Chelsea	187
Sutton	199
Bromley	219
Kingston upon Thames	236
Richmond upon Thames	285
City of London	292

2025	
Local Authority	Income rank (where 1 is most deprived)
Barking and Dagenham	1
Newham	2
Tower Hamlets	3
Hackney	5
Brent	6
Enfield	9
Haringey	15
Ealing	18
Islington	23
Waltham Forest	26
Hounslow	35
Lewisham	36
Greenwich	43
Redbridge	50
Southwark	51
Croydon	53
<b>Lambeth</b>	<b>54</b>
Harrow	57
Hillingdon	67
Barnet	70
Camden	75
Hammersmith and Fulham	92
Westminster	105
Havering	133
Merton	137
Wandsworth	151
Bexley	174
Sutton	175
Kensington and Chelsea	180
Kingston upon Thames	194
Bromley	223
Richmond upon Thames	279
City of London	295

# Income deprivation: The Lambeth picture

This map shows the income deprivation deciles of the borough's LSOAs, and the average income deprivation ranking of each town centre area.

Within Lambeth, the most income-deprived neighbourhood is Norwood, where LSOAs rank, on average, 11,155 out of 33,755 LSOAs nationally.

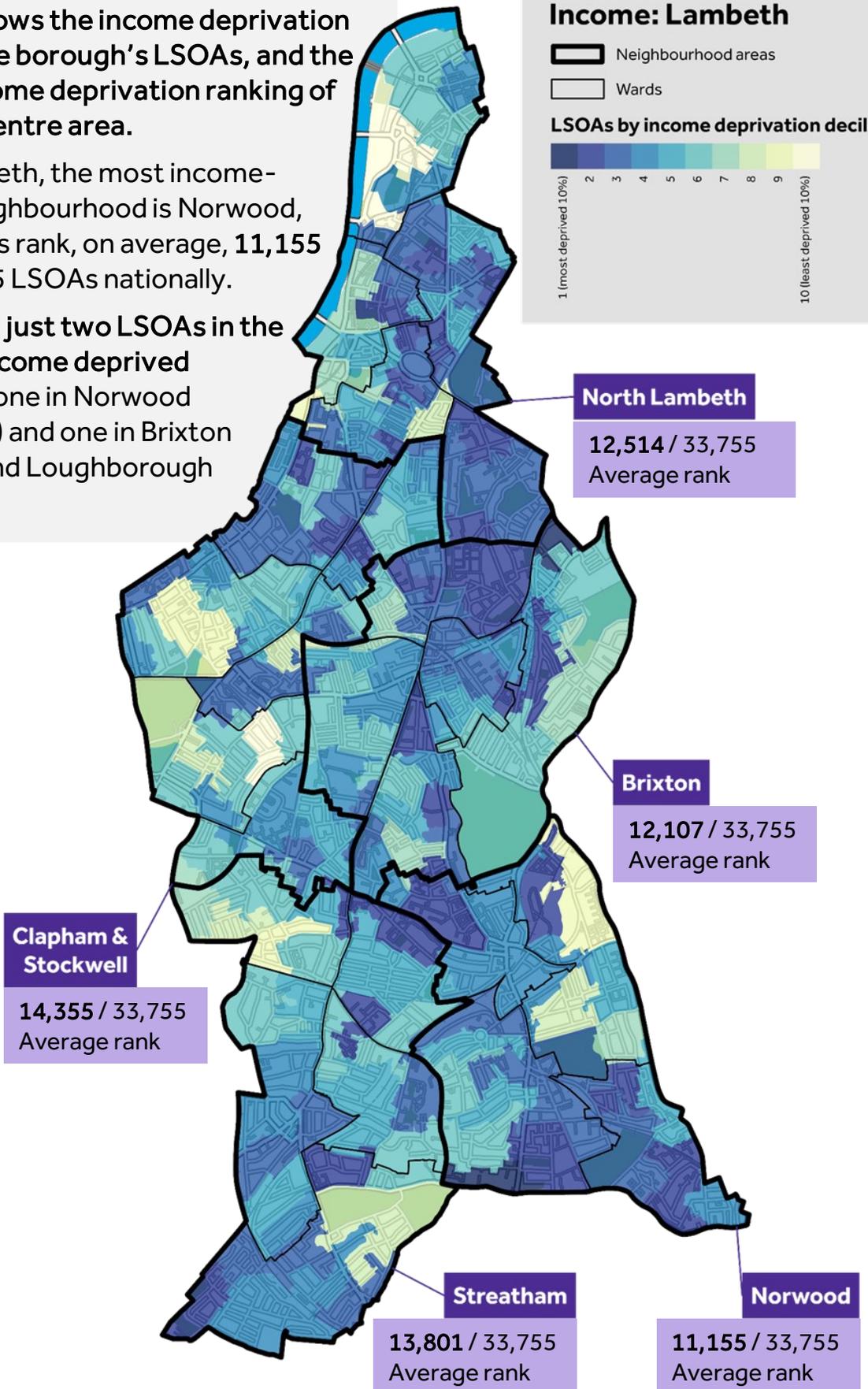
Lambeth has just two LSOAs in the 10% most income deprived nationally – one in Norwood (Knight's Hill) and one in Brixton (Herne Hill and Loughborough Junction).

## Income: Lambeth

Neighbourhood areas

Wards

### LSOAs by income deprivation decile

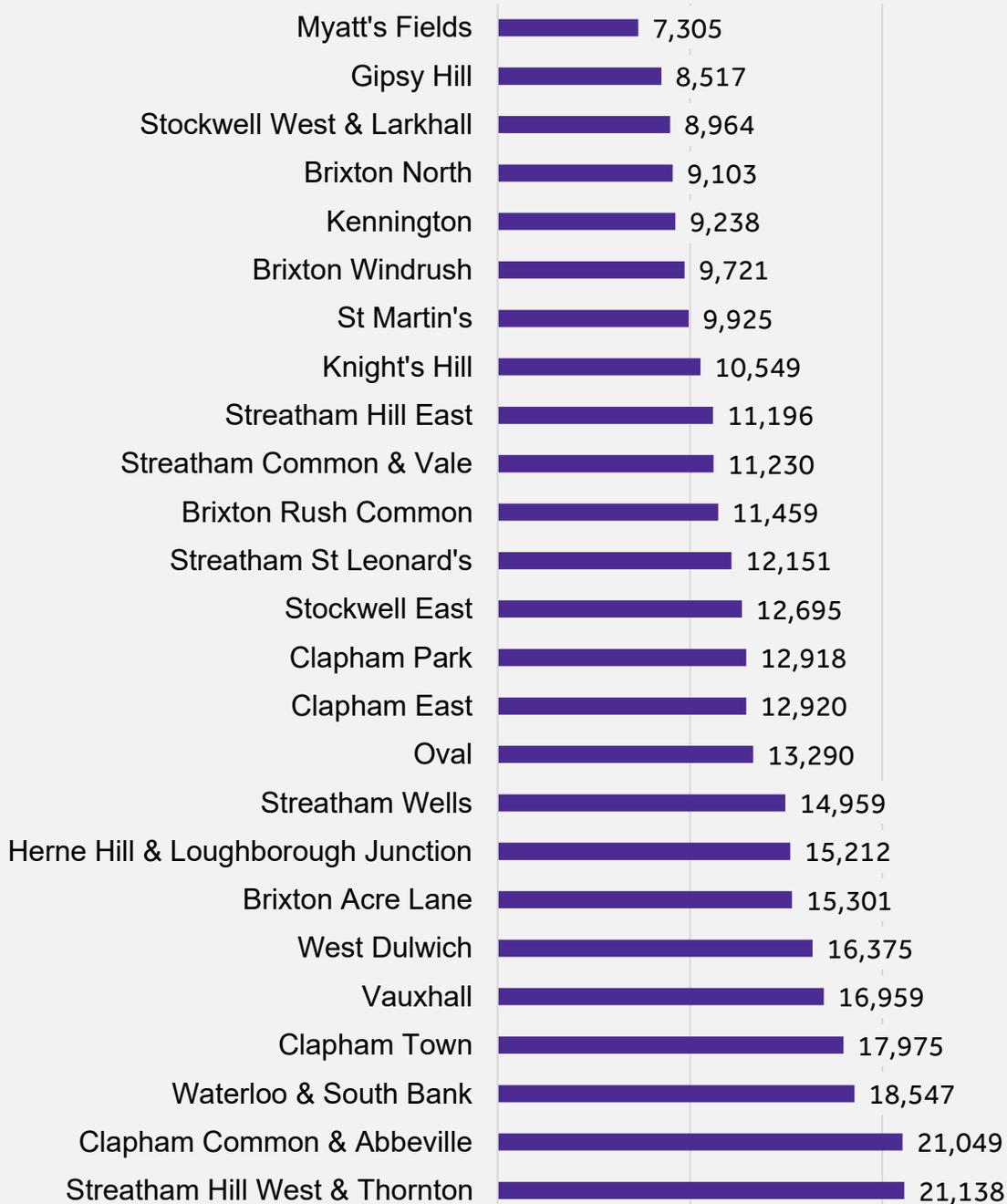


# Income deprivation: Lambeth wards

**Myatt's Fields is the most income-deprived ward in Lambeth** – with its LSOAs having an average income deprivation ranking of 7,305 out of 33,755.

Meanwhile, Lambeth's **least income-deprived ward is Streatham Hill West and Thornton**, where LSOAs have an average income deprivation ranking of 21,138.

## Lambeth wards by average income deprivation rank (out of possible 33,755)



# Income deprivation affecting children (IDACI)



Lambeth



# Income deprivation affecting children: The London picture

London boroughs score particularly highly on income deprivation affecting children (IDACI) measures, with the **top three most deprived nationally being in London**: Tower Hamlets, Newham, and Hackney.

While we cannot compare directly from 2019 to 2025 due to changes in methodology, the 2025 data places **Lambeth as the 12<sup>th</sup> most deprived in in London**, as opposed to seventh in 2019.

2019

Local Authority	IDACI rank (where 1 is most deprived)
Tower Hamlets	1
Islington	4
Barking and Dagenham	11
Hackney	14
Southwark	18
Lewisham	20
<b>Lambeth</b>	<b>23</b>
Enfield	29
Greenwich	34
Newham	35
Waltham Forest	53
Haringey	59
Brent	69
Croydon	78
Camden	85
Hounslow	92
Hammersmith and Fulham	97
Ealing	103
Westminster	113
Hillingdon	117
Havering	129
Bexley	131
Wandsworth	150
Redbridge	152
Harrow	181
Merton	184
Barnet	190
Sutton	198
Bromley	206
Kensington and Chelsea	237
Kingston upon Thames	249
Richmond upon Thames	298
City of London	308

2025

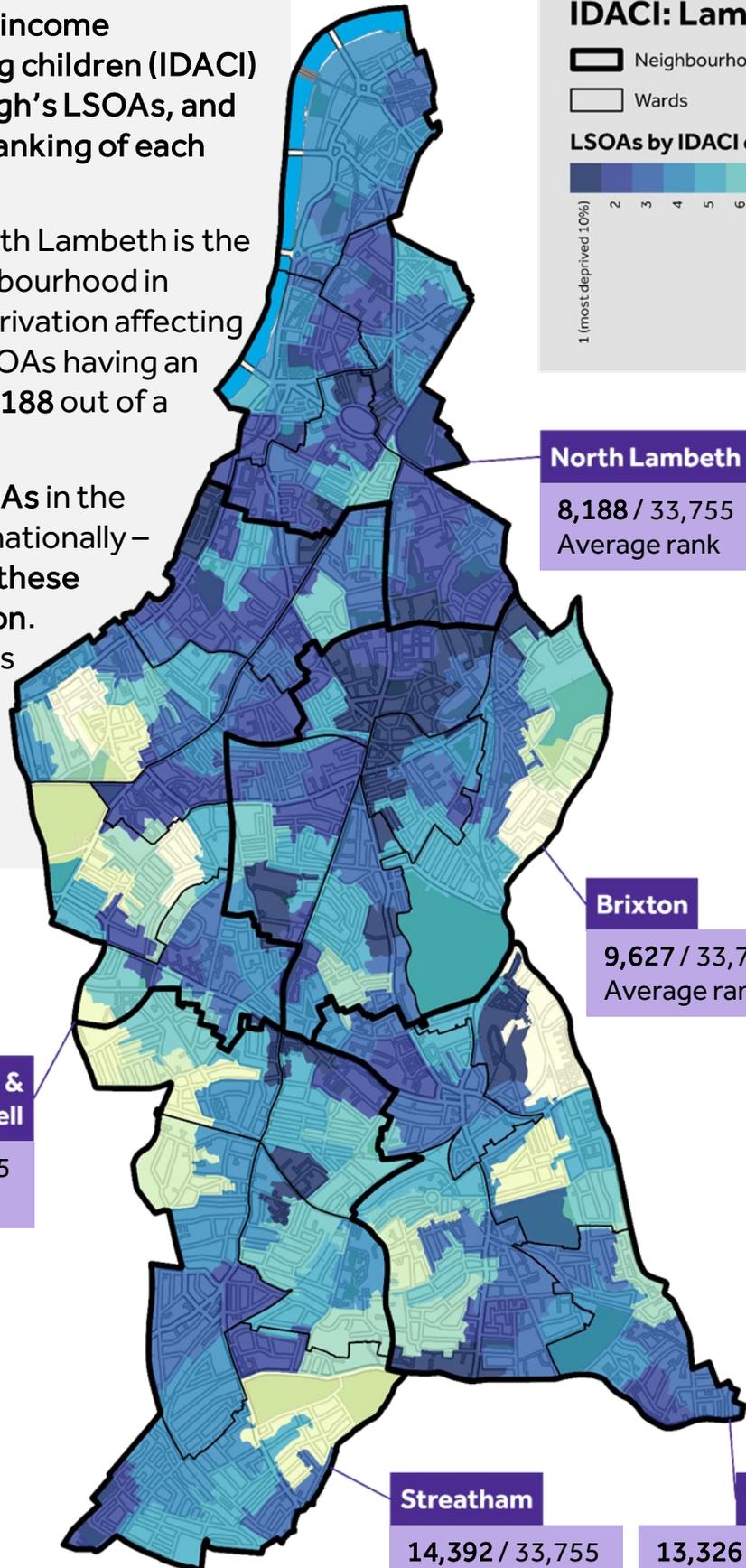
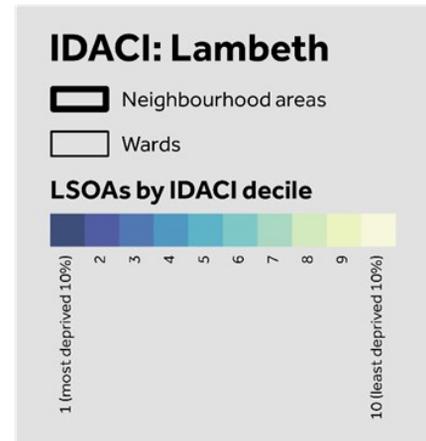
Local Authority	IDACI rank (where 1 is most deprived)
Tower Hamlets	1
Newham	2
Hackney	3
Brent	5
Barking and Dagenham	9
Enfield	11
Islington	12
Ealing	27
Haringey	32
Waltham Forest	40
Hounslow	43
<b>Lambeth</b>	<b>44</b>
Southwark	54
Greenwich	57
Lewisham	58
Harrow	63
Croydon	68
Hillingdon	82
Camden	84
Redbridge	85
Westminster	90
Barnet	103
Hammersmith and Fulham	123
Havering	145
Wandsworth	149
Merton	182
Bexley	187
Sutton	208
Kingston upon Thames	232
Kensington and Chelsea	234
Bromley	252
City of London	271
Richmond upon Thames	292

# Income deprivation affecting children: The Lambeth picture

This map shows the income deprivation affecting children (IDACI) deciles of the borough's LSOAs, and the average IDACI ranking of each town centre area.

Within Lambeth, North Lambeth is the most deprived neighbourhood in terms of income deprivation affecting children – with its LSOAs having an average ranking of **8,188** out of a possible 33,755.

Lambeth has **17 LSOAs** in the most deprived 10% nationally – With roughly half of these (**nine**) being in Brixton. The remaining LSOAs are spread evenly across Lambeth's other neighbourhoods (two each).



**North Lambeth**

**8,188 / 33,755**  
Average rank

**Brixton**

**9,627 / 33,755**  
Average rank

**Clapham & Stockwell**

**11,967 / 33,755**  
Average rank

**Streatham**

**14,392 / 33,755**  
Average rank

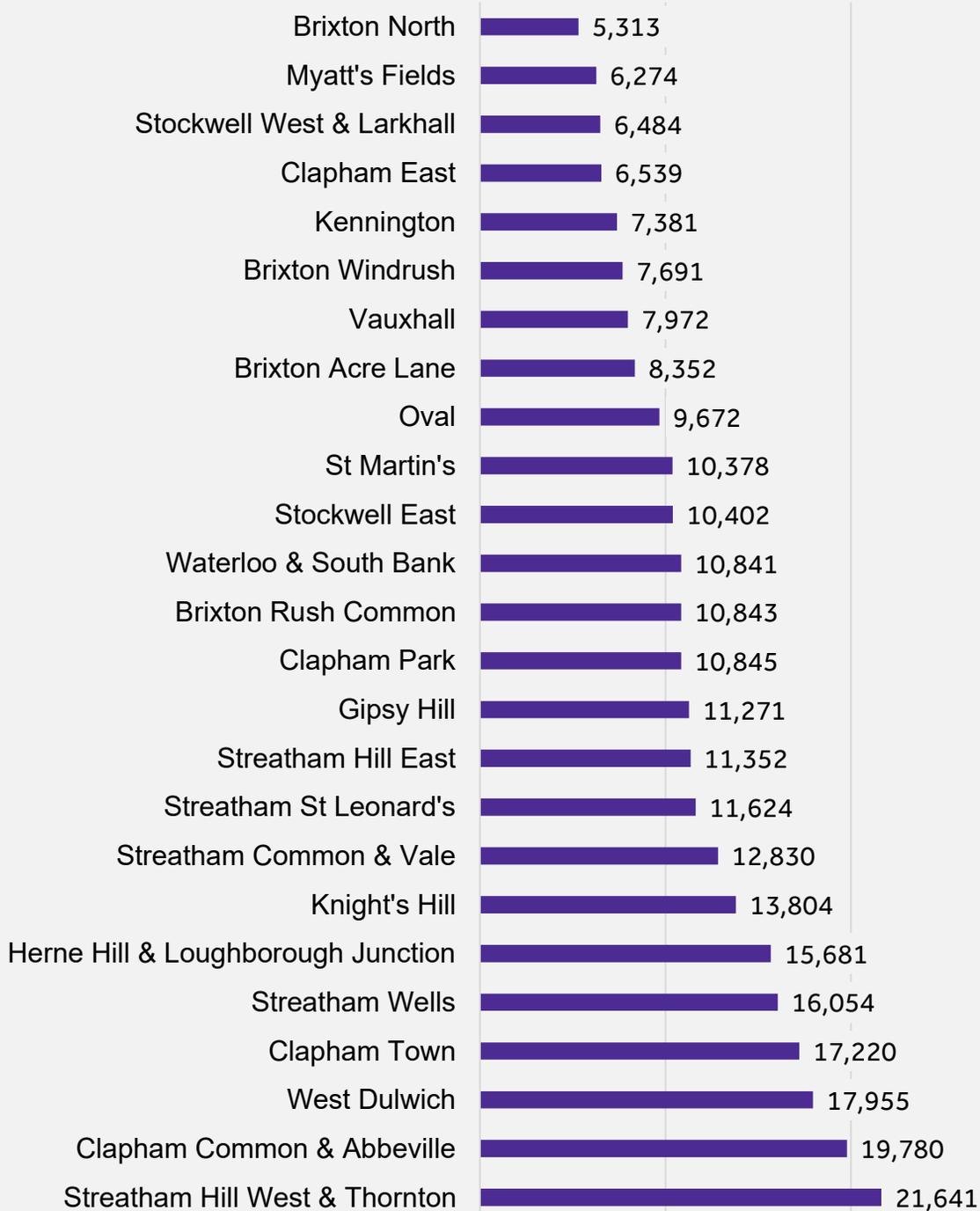
**Norwood**

**13,326 / 33,755**  
Average rank

# Income deprivation affecting children: Lambeth wards

Brixton North is the most deprived ward in Lambeth in terms of income deprivation affecting children. The least deprived is Streatham Hill West and Thornton.

## Lambeth wards by average IDACI rank (out of possible 33,755)



# Income deprivation affecting older people (IDA OPI)



Lambeth

# Income deprivation affecting older people: Overview

Income deprivation affecting older people (IDAOPI) reflects how many older people are living in households receiving financial support from the government.

**2025 measures rank Lambeth the fifth most deprived local authority area out of 296.**

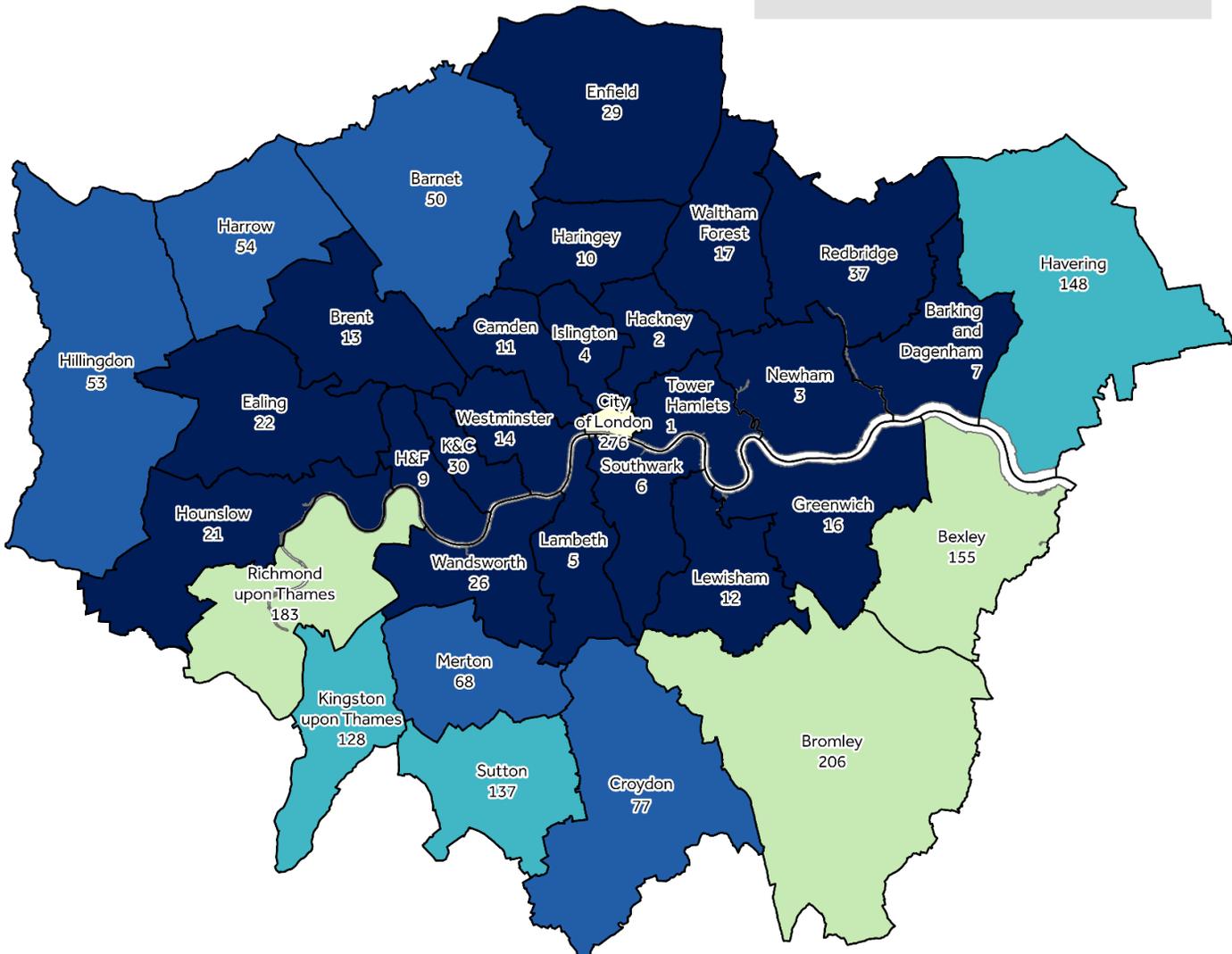
This means that Lambeth is more deprived in this dimension than 98% of local authority districts.

In 2019, Lambeth was sixth out of 317.

## IDAOPI: London

Local authorities

London boroughs by IDAOPI ranking (out of 296)



# Income deprivation affecting older people: The London picture

London boroughs also score particularly high on income deprivation affecting older people, with **nine of the top ten most deprived in the country being in London**. This is similar to the rankings in 2019, when there were eight London boroughs in the top ten nationally.

While we cannot compare directly from 2019 to 2025 due to changes in methodology, the 2025 data places **Lambeth as the fifth most deprived in in London and in the country**, largely the same as 2019. Tower Hamlets are the most deprived in this domain nationally, followed by Hackney, Newham, and Islington.

## 2019

Local Authority	IDAOPi rank (where 1 is most deprived)
Hackney	1
Tower Hamlets	2
Newham	3
Islington	4
<b>Lambeth</b>	<b>6</b>
Southwark	7
Haringey	8
Barking and Dagenham	9
Brent	12
Hammersmith and Fulham	15
Lewisham	16
Waltham Forest	19
Greenwich	20
Ealing	23
Wandsworth	26
Camden	27
Hounslow	30
Enfield	31
Westminster	34
Redbridge	35
Harrow	50
Kensington and Chelsea	58
Barnet	69
Merton	92
Hillingdon	104
Croydon	105
Havering	160
Kingston upon Thames	161
Sutton	176
Bexley	185
Bromley	221
Richmond upon Thames	224
City of London	290

## 2025

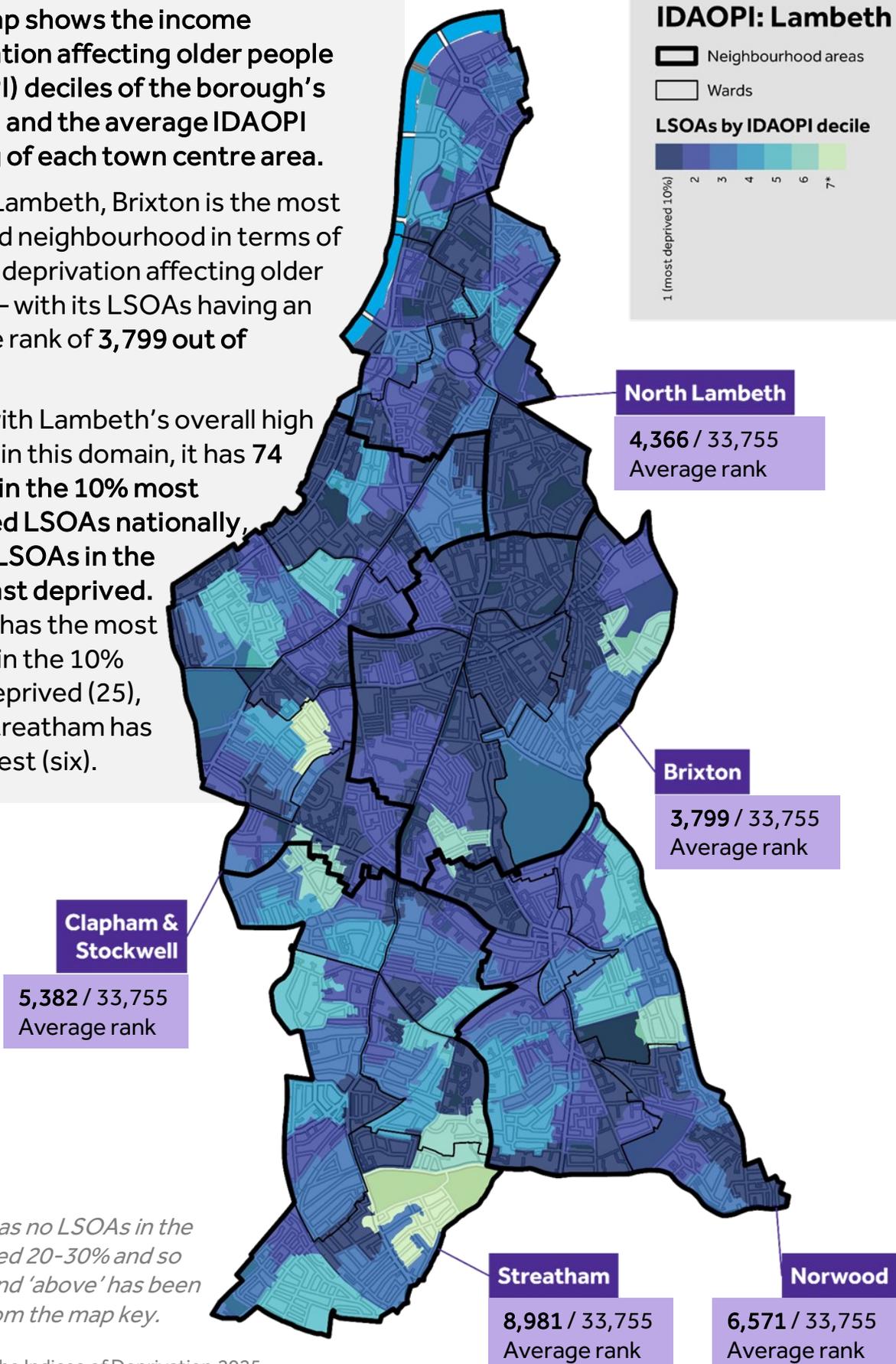
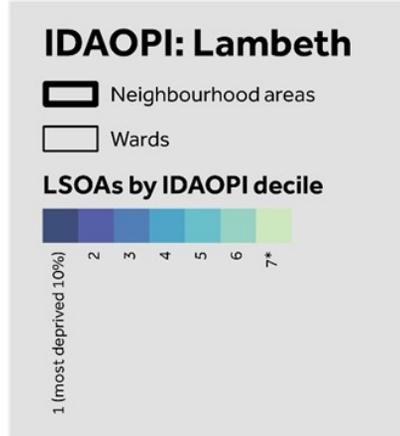
Local Authority	IDAOPi rank (where 1 is most deprived)
Tower Hamlets	1
Hackney	2
Newham	3
Islington	4
<b>Lambeth</b>	<b>5</b>
Southwark	6
Barking and Dagenham	7
Hammersmith and Fulham	9
Haringey	10
Camden	11
Lewisham	12
Brent	13
Westminster	14
Greenwich	16
Waltham Forest	17
Hounslow	21
Ealing	22
Wandsworth	26
Enfield	29
Kensington and Chelsea	30
Redbridge	37
Barnet	50
Hillingdon	53
Harrow	54
Merton	68
Croydon	77
Kingston upon Thames	128
Sutton	137
Havering	148
Bexley	155
Richmond upon Thames	183
Bromley	206
City of London	276

# Income deprivation affecting older people: The Lambeth picture

This map shows the income deprivation affecting older people (IDAOPi) deciles of the borough's LSOAs, and the average IDAOPi ranking of each town centre area.

Within Lambeth, Brixton is the most deprived neighbourhood in terms of income deprivation affecting older people – with its LSOAs having an average rank of 3,799 out of 33,755.

In line with Lambeth's overall high ranking in this domain, it has 74 LSOAs in the 10% most deprived LSOAs nationally, and no LSOAs in the 30% least deprived. Brixton has the most LSOAs in the 10% most deprived (25), while Streatham has the fewest (six).



**North Lambeth**  
4,366 / 33,755  
Average rank

**Brixton**  
3,799 / 33,755  
Average rank

**Clapham & Stockwell**  
5,382 / 33,755  
Average rank

**Streatham**  
8,981 / 33,755  
Average rank

**Norwood**  
6,571 / 33,755  
Average rank

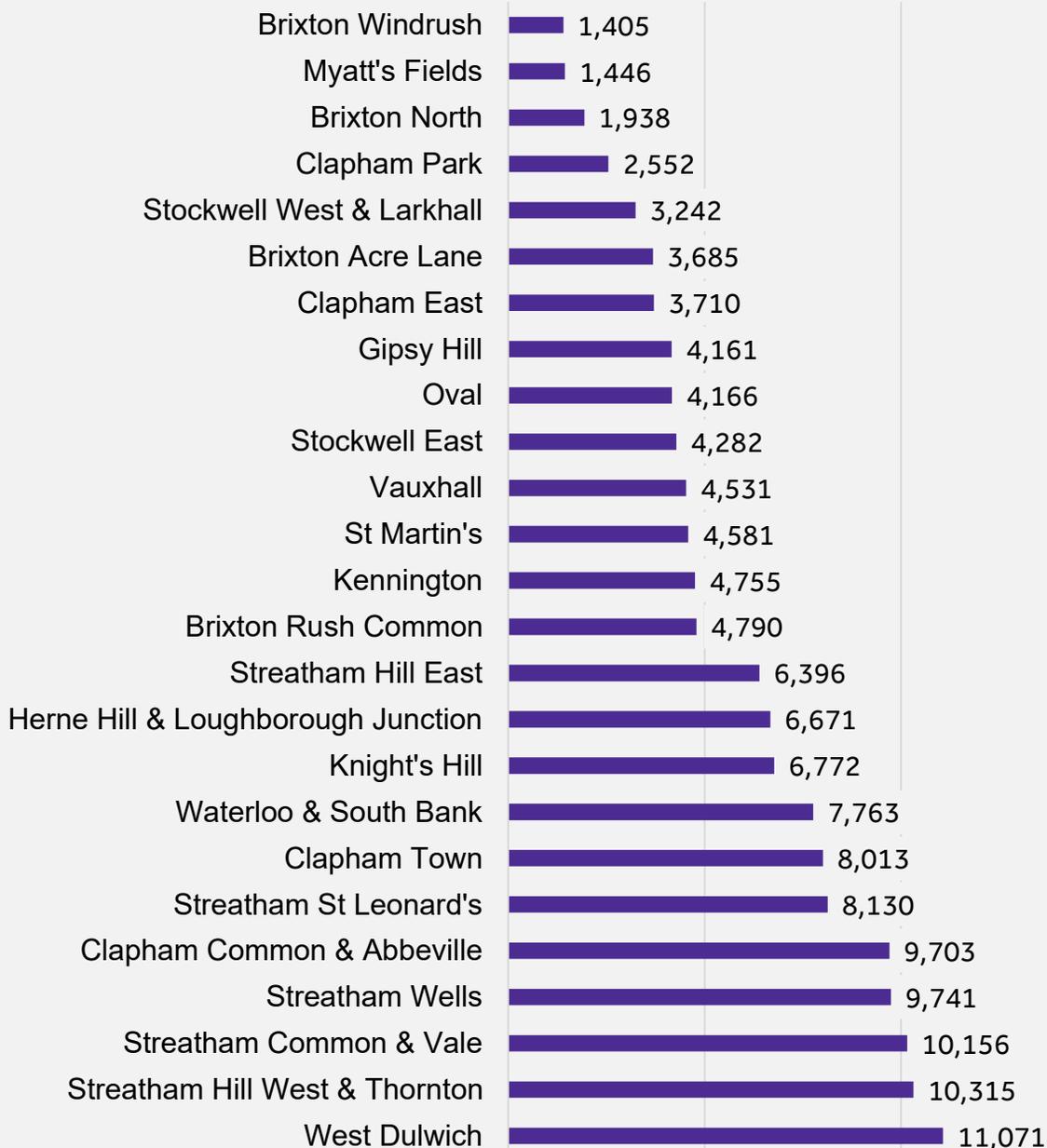
*\*Lambeth has no LSOAs in the least deprived 20-30% and so this decile and 'above' has been excluded from the map key.*

# Income deprivation affecting older people: Lambeth wards

**Brixton Windrush** is the most deprived ward in the borough in terms of income deprivation affecting older people, with its LSOAs ranking, on average, **1,405 out of 33,755**. Brixton Windrush is followed closely by Myatt's fields, with an average rank of 1,446.

The least deprived ward in this domain is West Dulwich, which has an average rank of 11,071.

## Lambeth wards by average IDAOP1 rank (out of possible 33,755)



# Employment deprivation



Lambeth

# Employment deprivation: Overview

Employment deprivation reflects how many working-age people are involuntarily out of work due to circumstances like sickness, disability or caring responsibilities.

It contributes to 22.5% of a neighbourhood's overall (IMD) deprivation score.

**2025 measures rank Lambeth the 116<sup>th</sup> most deprived local authority area out of 296.**

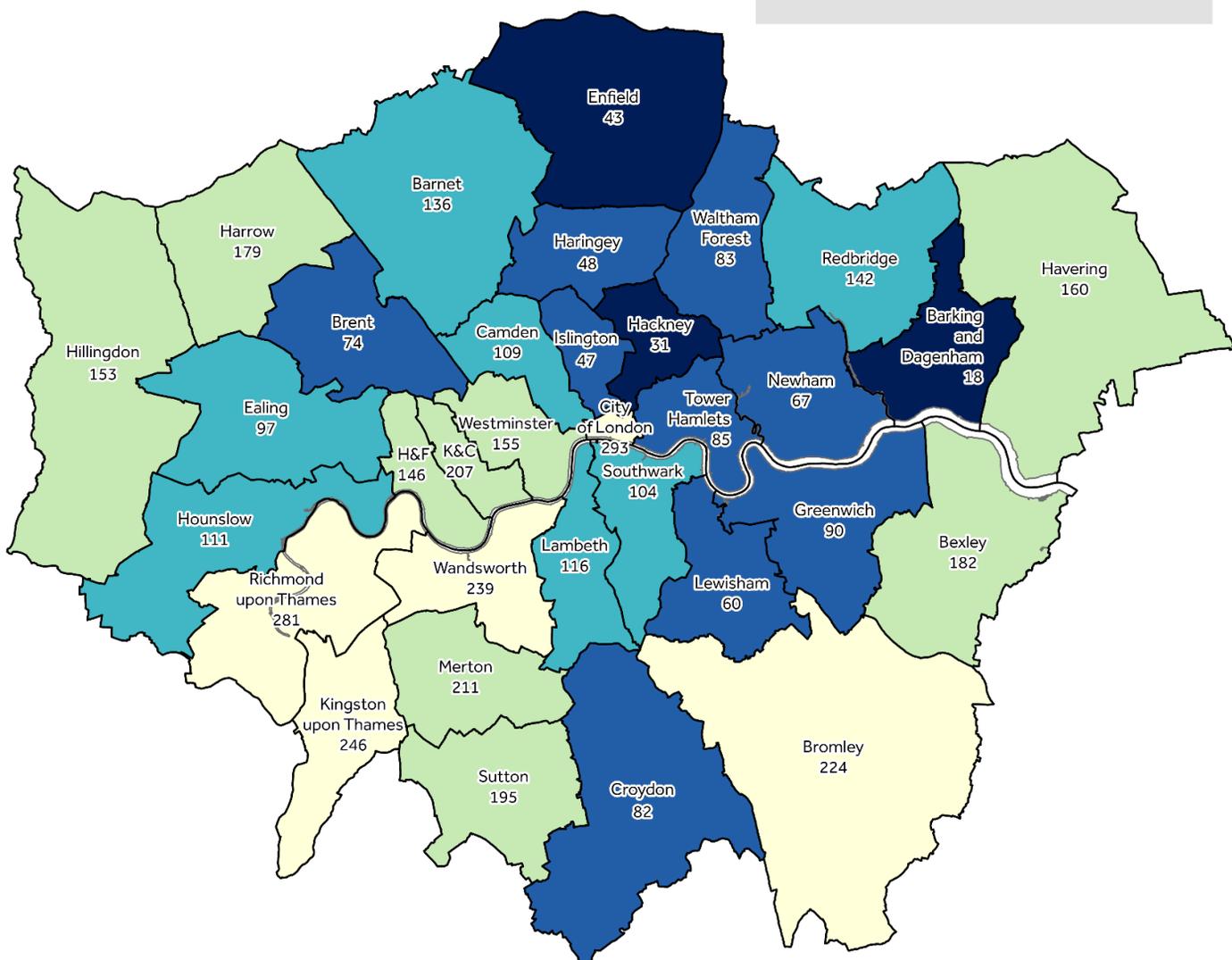
This means that Lambeth is more deprived in this dimension than 61% of local authority districts.

In 2019, Lambeth ranked 118<sup>th</sup> out of 317.

## Employment: London

 Local authorities

London boroughs by employment deprivation ranking (out of 296)



# Employment deprivation: The London picture

London fares slightly better in this measure than in income deprivation, but it still has many boroughs over the 60% most deprived mark for the country. There are particularly high scores in the north.

While we cannot compare directly from 2019 to 2025 due to changes in methodology, the 2025 data places Lambeth as the **17th most deprived in employment measures in London**, as opposed to 13<sup>th</sup> in 2019.

Barking and Dagenham and Hackney are the top two most deprived in this dimension in London.

2019

Local Authority	Employment rank (where 1 is most deprived)
Barking and Dagenham	43
Hackney	57
Islington	63
Lewisham	76
Haringey	83
Greenwich	90
Enfield	92
Tower Hamlets	101
Southwark	106
Newham	107
Brent	110
Waltham Forest	111
<b>Lambeth</b>	<b>118</b>
Croydon	128
Hammersmith and Fulham	130
Ealing	136
Camden	151
Hounslow	169
Westminster	182
Havering	183
Hillingdon	188
Bexley	194
Redbridge	195
Barnet	201
Kensington and Chelsea	211
Harrow	220
Sutton	223
Bromley	231
Wandsworth	238
Merton	241
Kingston upon Thames	281
City of London	286
Richmond upon Thames	297

2025

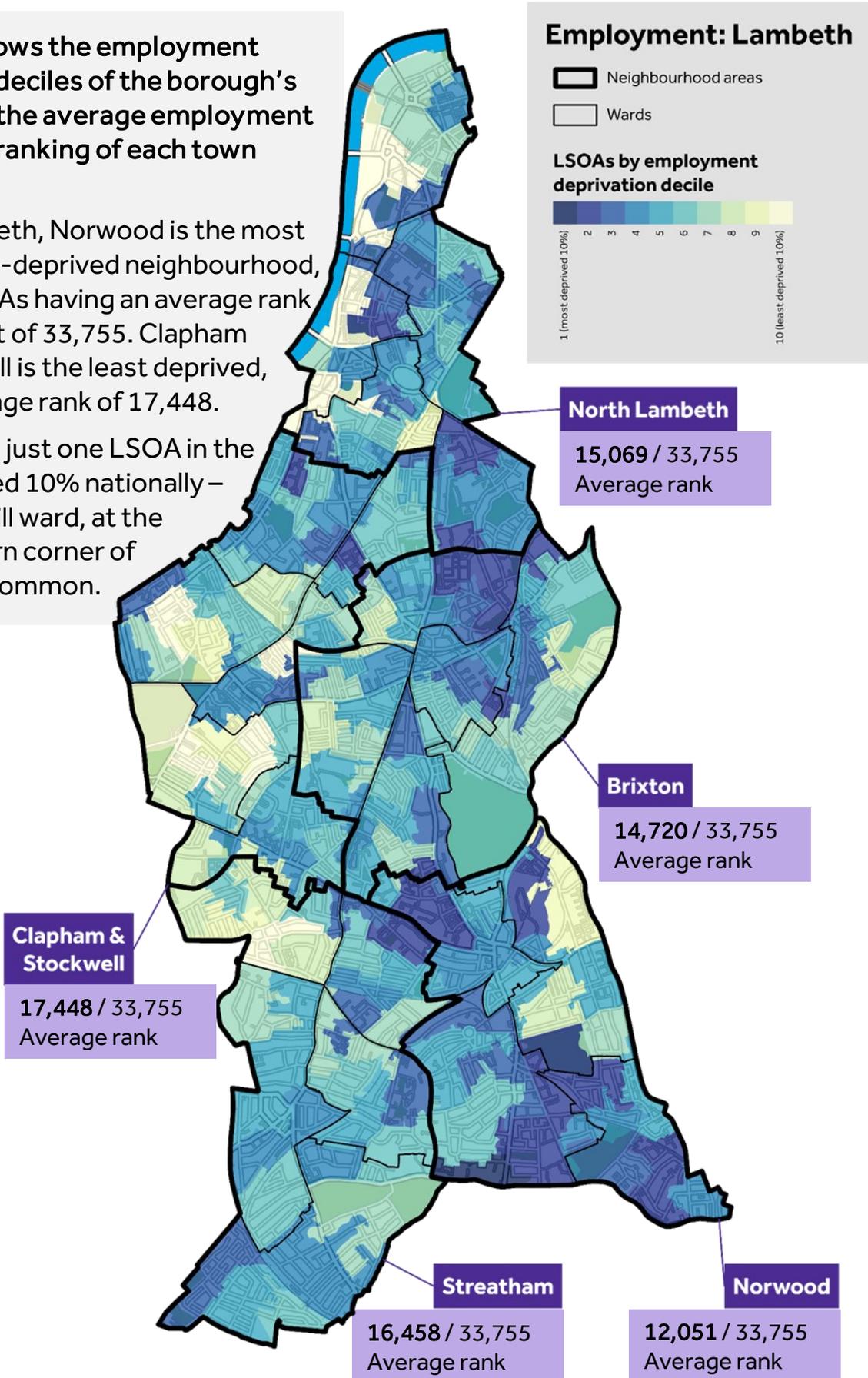
Local Authority	Employment rank (where 1 is most deprived)
Barking and Dagenham	18
Hackney	31
Enfield	43
Islington	47
Haringey	48
Lewisham	60
Newham	67
Brent	74
Croydon	82
Waltham Forest	83
Tower Hamlets	85
Greenwich	90
Ealing	97
Southwark	104
Camden	109
Hounslow	111
<b>Lambeth</b>	<b>116</b>
Barnet	136
Redbridge	142
Hammersmith and Fulham	146
Hillingdon	153
Westminster	155
Havering	160
Harrow	179
Bexley	182
Sutton	195
Kensington and Chelsea	207
Merton	211
Bromley	224
Wandsworth	239
Kingston upon Thames	246
Richmond upon Thames	281
City of London	293

# Employment deprivation: The Lambeth picture

This map shows the employment deprivation deciles of the borough's LSOAs, and the average employment deprivation ranking of each town centre area.

Within Lambeth, Norwood is the most employment-deprived neighbourhood, with its LSOAs having an average rank of **12,051** out of 33,755. Clapham and Stockwell is the least deprived, with an average rank of 17,448.

Lambeth has just one LSOA in the most deprived 10% nationally – in Knight's Hill ward, at the north-eastern corner of Streatham Common.



# Employment deprivation: Lambeth wards

**Gipsy Hill** is the most employment-deprived ward in Lambeth, with an average rank of **8,886** out of 33,755. The least employment-deprived wards are Streatham Hill West and Thornton and Clapham Common and Abbeville, with average ranks of 24,607 and 24,659, respectively.

## Lambeth wards by average employment deprivation rank (out of 33,755)



# Education and skills deprivation



Lambeth

# Education and skills deprivation: Overview

Education and skills deprivation refers to low levels of education and skills attainment in children, young people and adults.

It contributes to 13.5% of a neighbourhood's overall (IMD) deprivation score.

**2025 measures rank Lambeth the 232<sup>nd</sup> most deprived local authority area out of 296.**

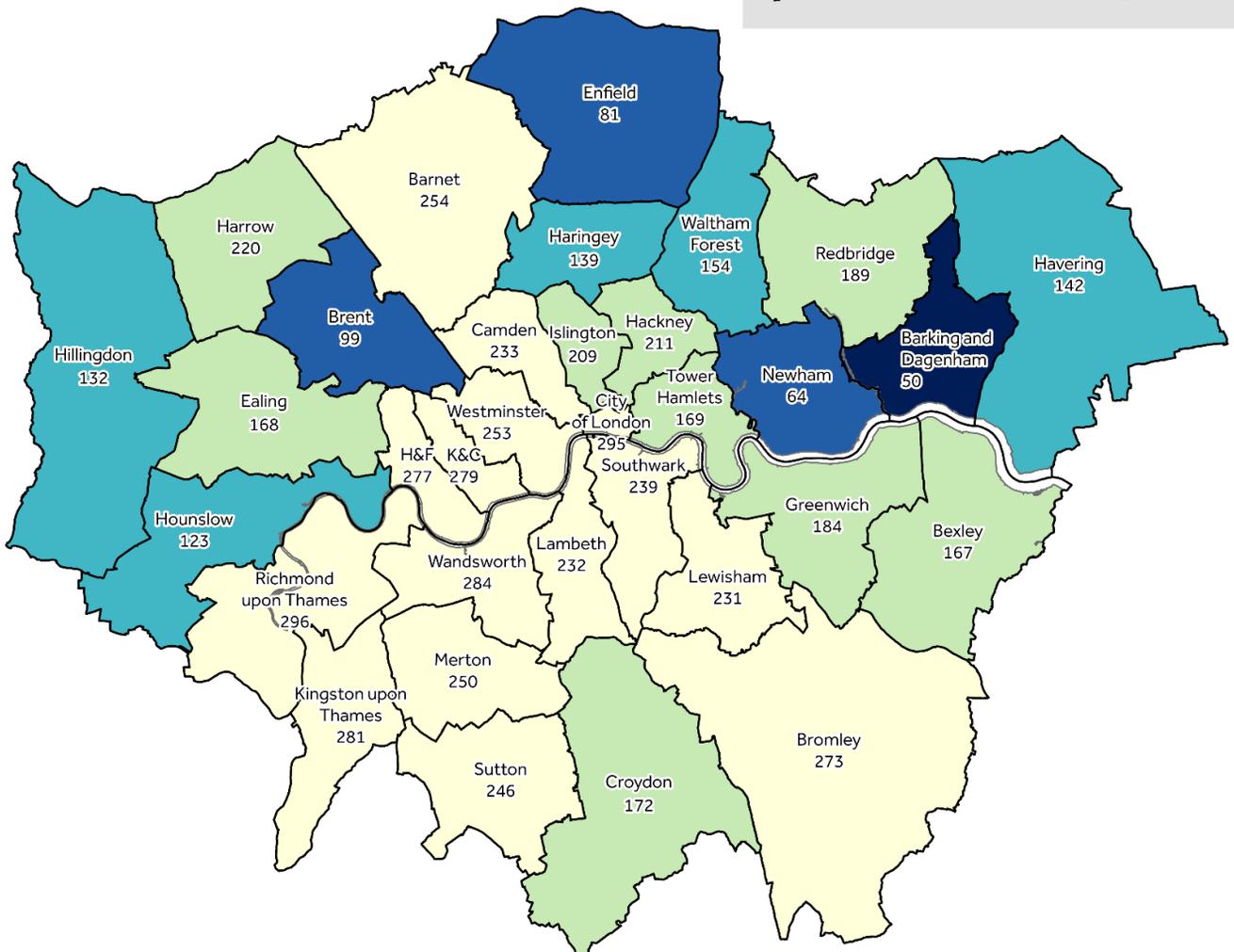
This means that, in this dimension, Lambeth is less deprived than 78% of LA districts.

2019 measures ranked Lambeth 267<sup>th</sup> out of 317.

## Education: London

Local authorities

London boroughs by education and skills deprivation ranking (out of 296)



# Education and skills deprivation: The London picture

London generally fares well in education and skills measures.

While we cannot compare directly from 2019 to 2025 due to changes in methodology, the 2025 data places **Lambeth as the 20<sup>th</sup> most deprived in education and skills measures in London**, as opposed to 21<sup>st</sup> in 2019.

Barking and Dagenham and Newham are the top two most deprived in this domain in London.

## 2019

Local Authority	Education rank (where 1 is most deprived)
Barking and Dagenham	44
Havering	95
Newham	134
Bexley	140
Enfield	141
Waltham Forest	155
Tower Hamlets	176
Haringey	184
Hillingdon	185
Greenwich	193
Brent	199
Croydon	203
Hackney	214
Lewisham	223
Hounslow	239
Islington	244
Ealing	246
Sutton	259
Redbridge	260
Southwark	262
<b>Lambeth</b>	<b>267</b>
Camden	274
Bromley	281
Merton	288
Westminster	293
Harrow	298
Hammersmith and Fulham	299
Barnet	302
Kingston upon Thames	306
Wandsworth	308
Kensington and Chelsea	313
City of London	314
Richmond upon Thames	317

## 2025

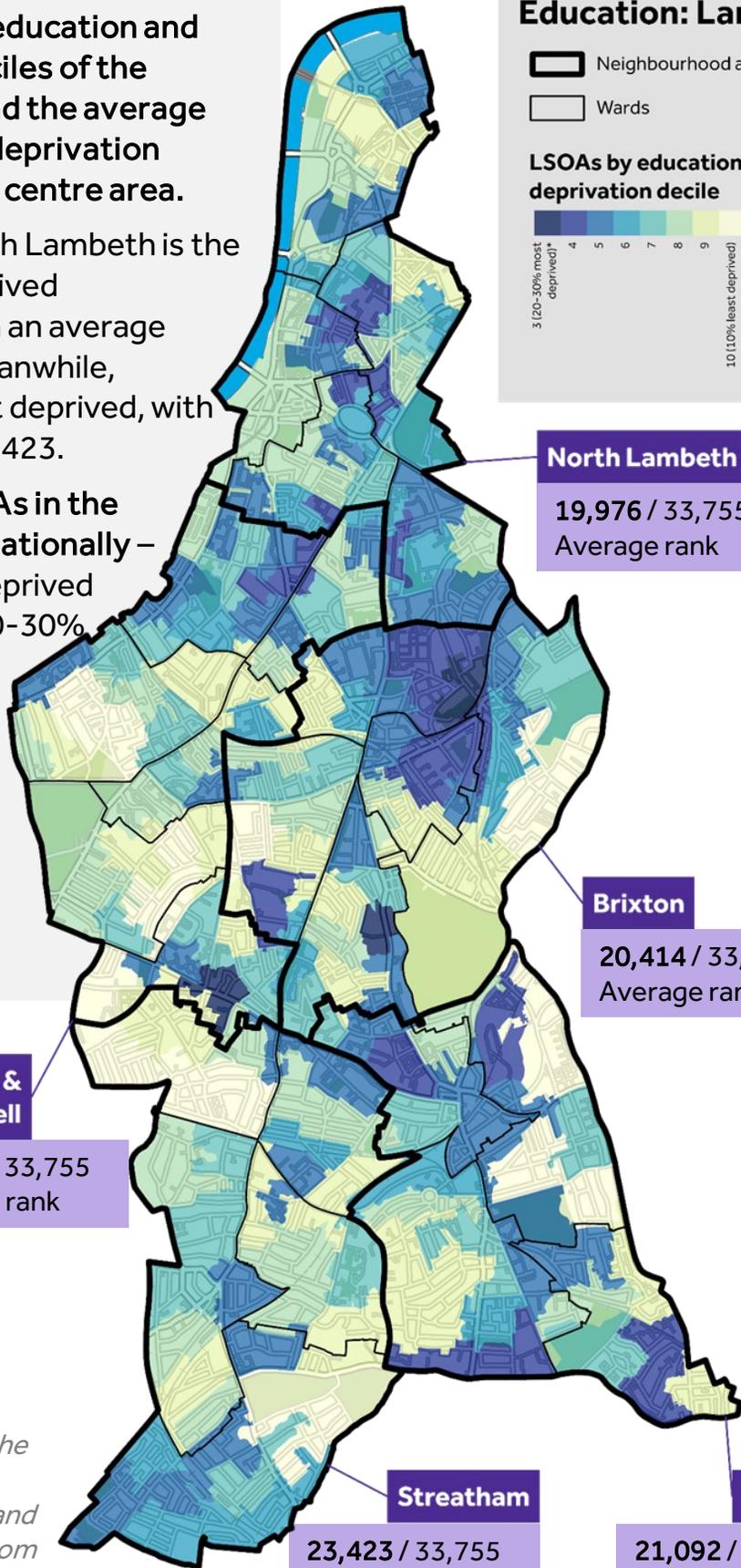
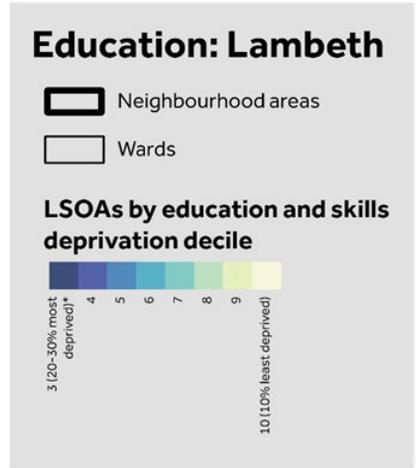
Local Authority	Education rank (where 1 is most deprived)
Barking and Dagenham	50
Newham	64
Enfield	81
Brent	99
Hounslow	123
Hillingdon	132
Haringey	139
Havering	142
Waltham Forest	153
Bexley	167
Ealing	168
Tower Hamlets	169
Croydon	172
Greenwich	184
Redbridge	189
Islington	209
Hackney	211
Harrow	220
Lewisham	231
<b>Lambeth</b>	<b>232</b>
Camden	233
Southwark	239
Sutton	246
Merton	250
Westminster	253
Barnet	254
Bromley	273
Hammersmith and Fulham	277
Kensington and Chelsea	279
Kingston upon Thames	281
Wandsworth	284
City of London	295
Richmond upon Thames	296

# Education and skills deprivation: The Lambeth picture

This map shows the education and skills deprivation deciles of the borough's LSOAs, and the average education and skills deprivation ranking of each town centre area.

Within Lambeth, North Lambeth is the most education-deprived neighbourhood – with an average ranking of 19,976. Meanwhile, Streatham is the least deprived, with an average rank of 23,423.

Lambeth has no LSOAs in the most deprived 10% nationally – with its three most deprived LSOAs being in the 20-30% most deprived decile. Two of these LSOAs are in Brixton (Brixton North and Rush Common) and one is in Clapham and Stockwell (Clapham Park).



**North Lambeth**  
19,976 / 33,755  
Average rank

**Brixton**  
20,414 / 33,755  
Average rank

**Clapham & Stockwell**  
22,503 / 33,755  
Average rank

**Streatham**  
23,423 / 33,755  
Average rank

**Norwood**  
21,092 / 33,755  
Average rank

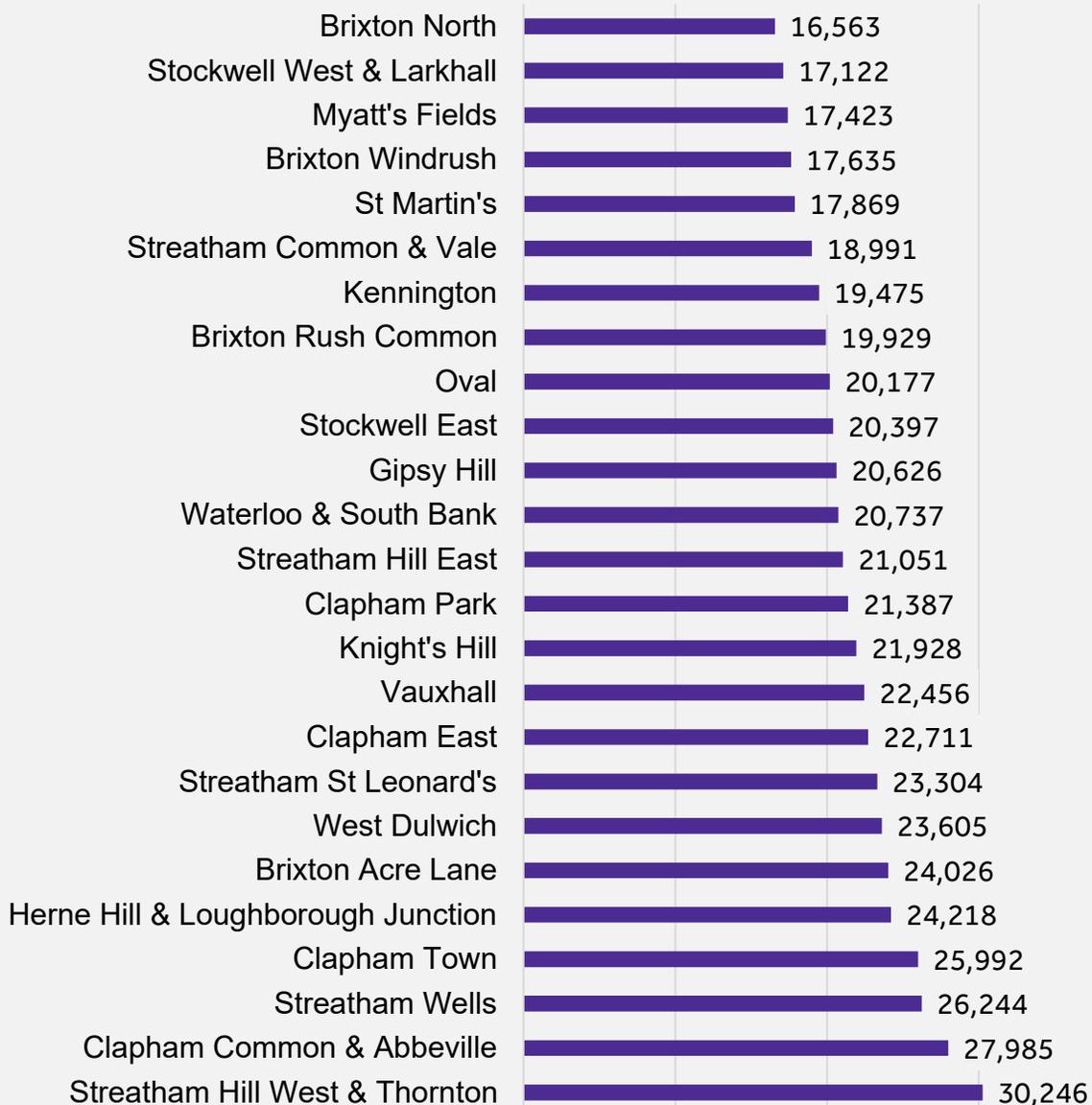
*\*Lambeth has no LSOAs in the most deprived 10-20% nationally and so this decile and 'below' has been excluded from the map.*

# Education and skills deprivation: Lambeth wards

**Brixton North** is the most education-deprived ward in Lambeth, with its LSOAs ranking **16,563** out of **33,755** on average.

The least deprived ward is **Streatham Hill West and Thornton**, with an average rank of **30,246**. Four of the ward's seven LSOAs are in the 10% least education-deprived LSOAs nationally – more than any other Lambeth ward. This likely places Streatham Hill West and Thornton as among the least education-deprived local areas in the country.

## Lambeth wards by average education and skills deprivation rank (out of possible 33,755)



# Health deprivation and disability



Lambeth

# Health deprivation and disability: Overview

Health deprivation and disability reflects the risk of premature death and reduced quality of life due to poor physical or mental health.

It contributes to 13.5% of a neighbourhood's overall (IMD) deprivation score.

**2025 measures rank Lambeth the 114<sup>th</sup> most deprived local authority area out of 296.**

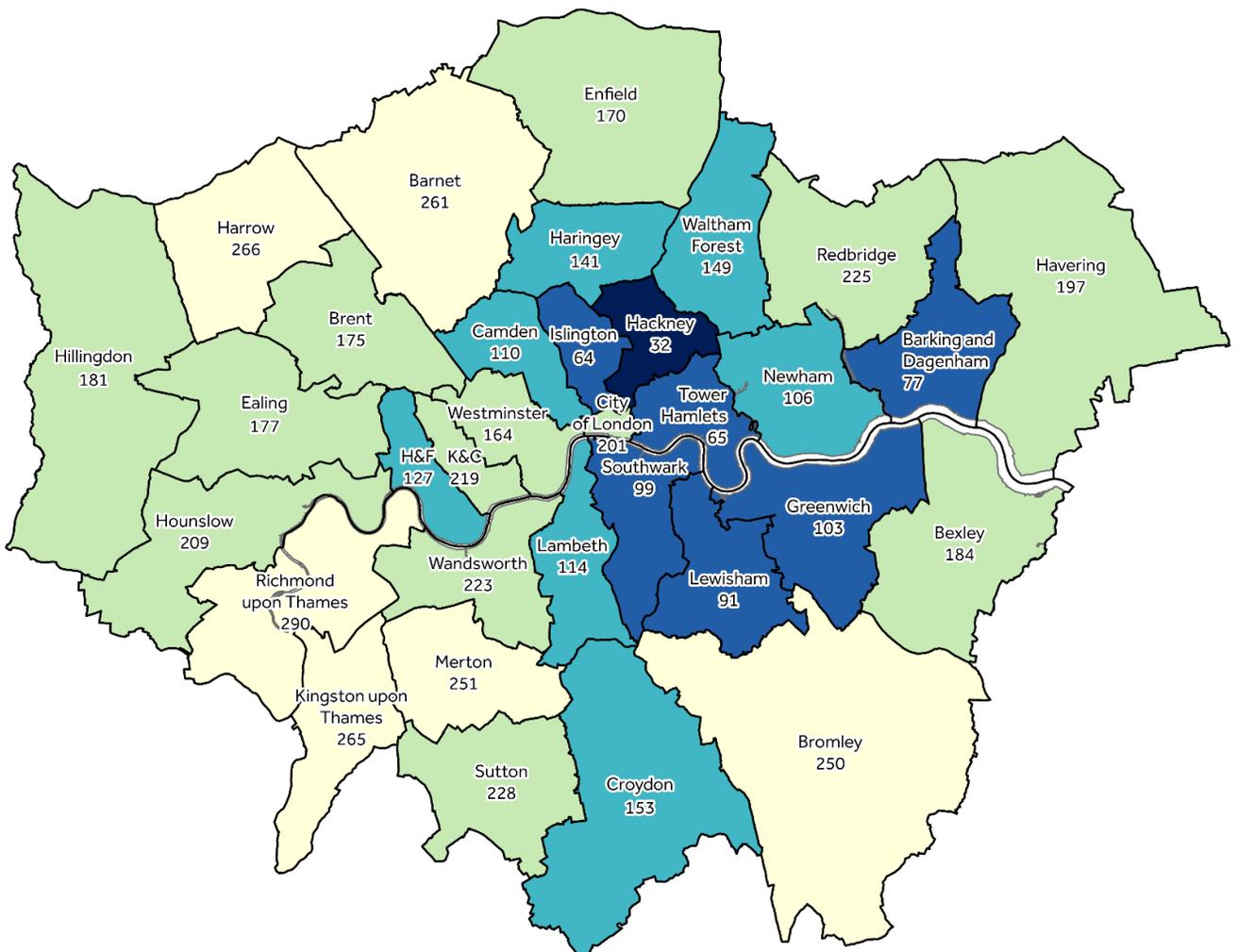
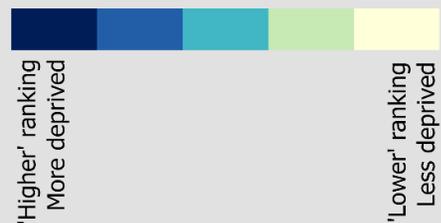
This means that, in this dimension, Lambeth is more deprived than 61% of local authority districts.

2019 measures ranked Lambeth 99<sup>th</sup> out of 317.

## Health: London

 Local authorities

London boroughs by health and disability deprivation ranking (out of 296)



# Health deprivation and disability : The London picture

While we cannot compare directly from 2019 to 2025 due to changes in methodology, the 2025 data places **Lambeth as the tenth most deprived in health and disability measures in London**, as opposed to fifth in 2019.

Hackney and Islington are the top two most deprived in this domain in London.

## 2019

Local Authority	Health rank (where 1 is most deprived)
Hackney	67
Islington	82
Barking and Dagenham	94
Tower Hamlets	95
<b>Lambeth</b>	<b>99</b>
Southwark	107
Lewisham	115
Greenwich	132
Newham	136
Hammersmith and Fulham	137
Haringey	154
Waltham Forest	161
Croydon	165
Hounslow	181
Ealing	189
Wandsworth	193
Hillingdon	194
Camden	207
Brent	210
Enfield	221
Havering	222
Sutton	225
Bexley	228
Merton	234
Westminster	238
City of London	247
Redbridge	265
Kensington and Chelsea	270
Bromley	275
Kingston upon Thames	289
Barnet	297
Harrow	298
Richmond upon Thames	310

## 2025

Local Authority	Health rank (where 1 is most deprived)
Hackney	32
Islington	64
Tower Hamlets	65
Barking and Dagenham	77
Lewisham	91
Southwark	99
Greenwich	103
Newham	106
Camden	110
<b>Lambeth</b>	<b>114</b>
Hammersmith and Fulham	127
Haringey	141
Waltham Forest	149
Croydon	153
Westminster	164
Enfield	170
Brent	175
Ealing	177
Hillingdon	181
Bexley	184
Havering	197
City of London	201
Hounslow	209
Kensington and Chelsea	219
Wandsworth	223
Redbridge	225
Sutton	228
Bromley	250
Merton	251
Barnet	261
Kingston upon Thames	265
Harrow	266
Richmond upon Thames	290

# Health deprivation and disability: The Lambeth picture

This map shows the health deprivation and disability deciles of the borough's LSOAs, and the average health deprivation and disability ranking of each town centre area.

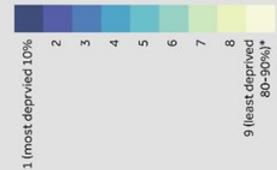
Within Lambeth, Brixton is the most health-deprived neighbourhood – with an average ranking of **14,048**. Meanwhile, Streatham is the least deprived, with an average rank of **18,467**.

Lambeth has just two LSOAs in the 10% most health-deprived nationally – one in Norwood (Knight's Hill) and one in Clapham and Stockwell (Clapham Town). Notably, Lambeth also has no LSOAs in the 10% least deprived nationally.

## Health: Lambeth

-  Neighbourhood areas
-  Wards

### LSOAs by health and disability deprivation decile



**Clapham & Stockwell**  
15,636 / 33,755  
Average rank

**North Lambeth**  
15,303 / 33,755  
Average rank

**Brixton**  
14,048 / 33,755  
Average rank

**Streatham**  
18,467 / 33,755  
Average rank

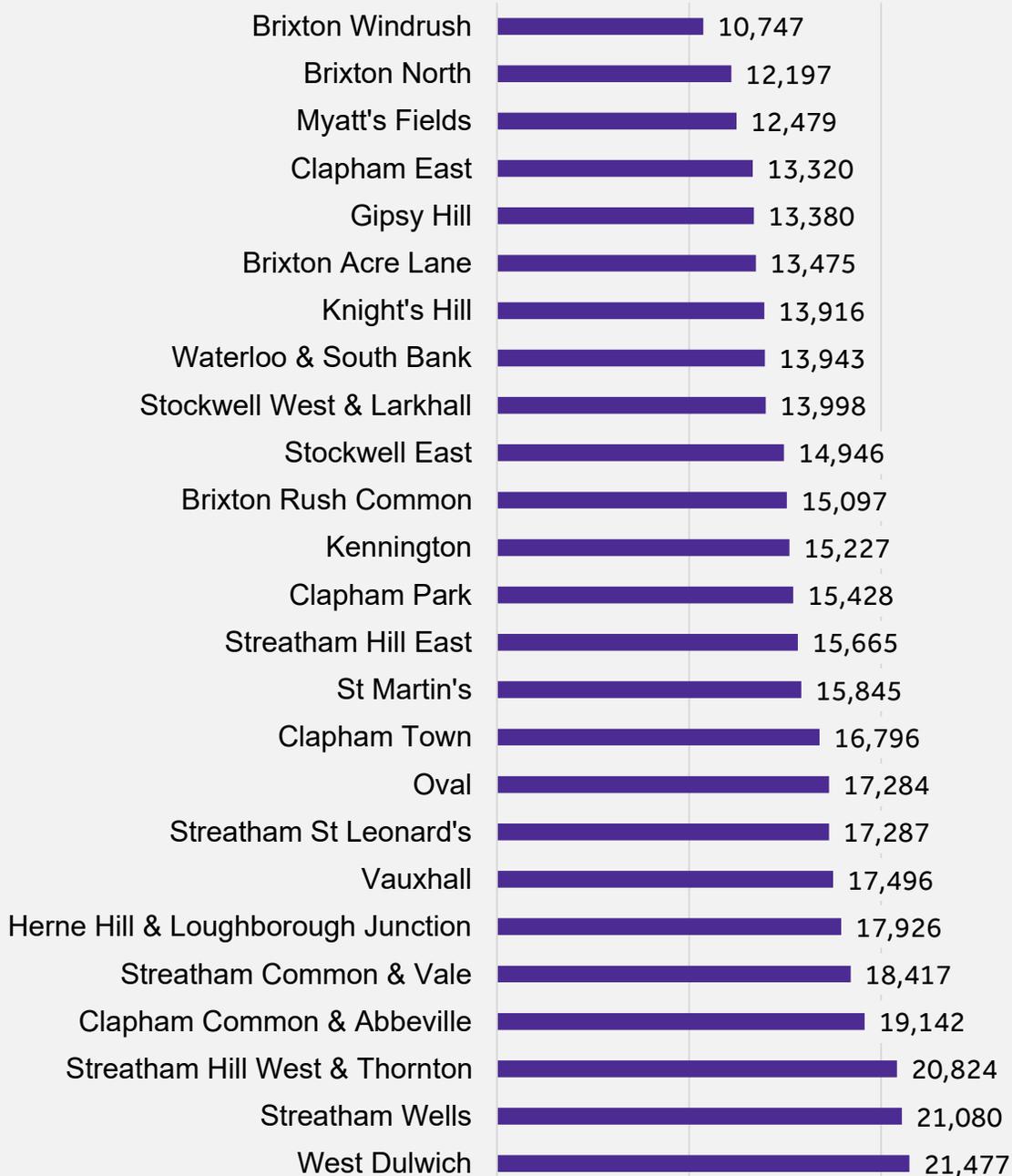
**Norwood**  
15,816 / 33,755  
Average rank

*\*Lambeth has no LSOAs in the least deprived 10% nationally and so this has been excluded from the key.*

# Health deprivation and disability: Lambeth wards

**Brixton Windrush** is the most health-deprived ward in the borough, with an average rank of **10,747 out of 33,755**. Meanwhile, the least deprived wards are **Streatham Wells** and **West Dulwich**, with average ranks of 21,080 and 21,477, respectively.

## Lambeth wards by average health deprivation and disability rank (out of possible 33,755)



# Crime deprivation



Lambeth

# Crime deprivation: Overview

Crime deprivation reflects the risk of experiencing personal or property-related offences.

It contributes to 9.3% of a neighbourhood's overall (IMD) deprivation score.

**2025 measures rank Lambeth the 54<sup>th</sup> most deprived local authority area out of 296.**

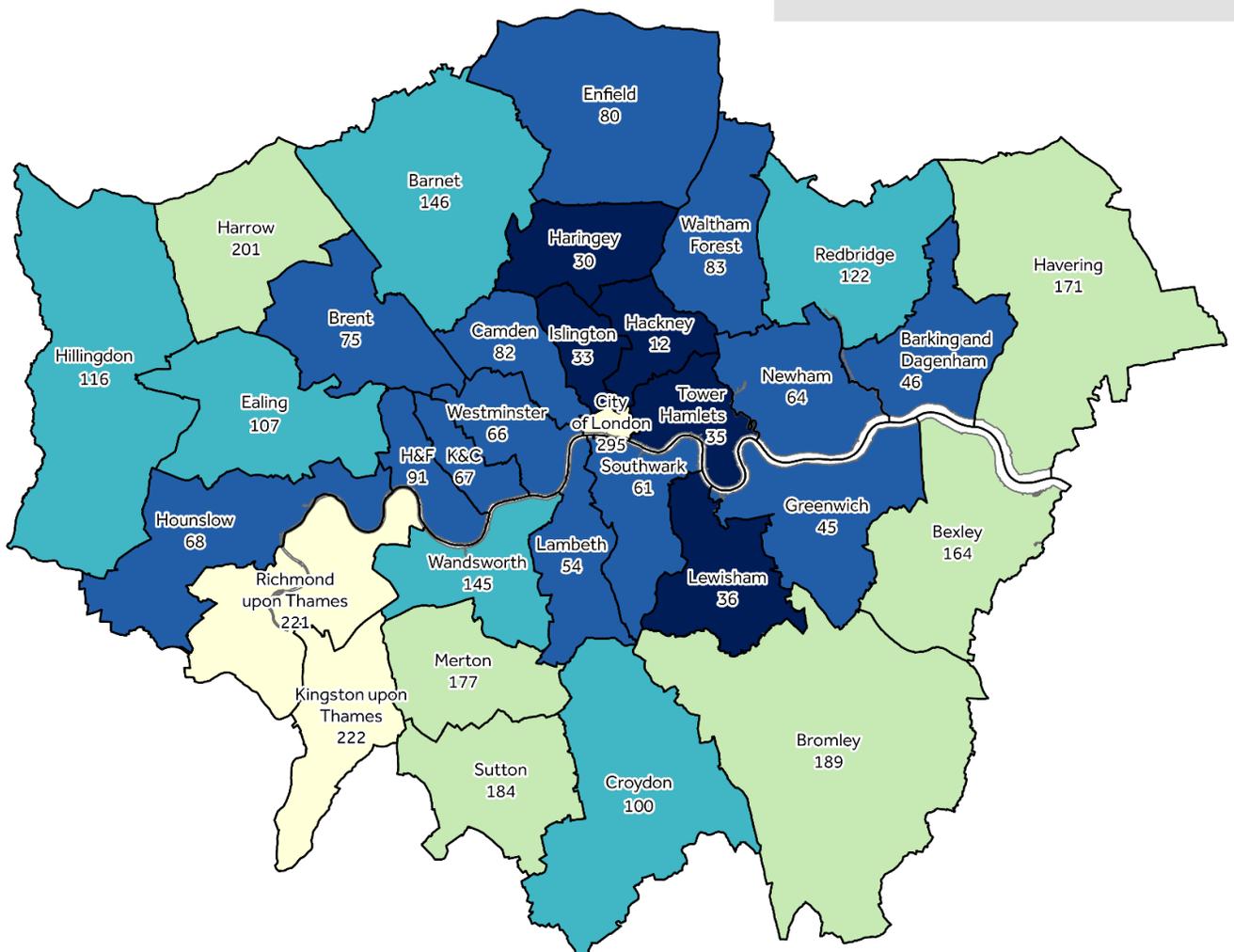
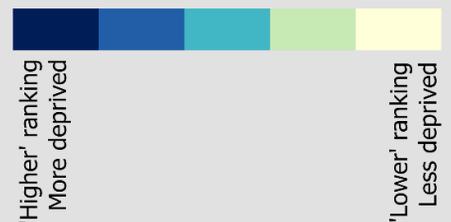
This means that, in this dimension, Lambeth is more deprived than 82% of local authority districts.

In 2019, Lambeth ranked 26<sup>th</sup> out of 317.

## Crime: London

Local authorities

London boroughs by crime deprivation ranking (out of 296)



# Crime deprivation: The London picture

While we cannot compare directly from 2019 to 2025 due to changes in methodology, the 2025 data places **Lambeth as the eighth most deprived in Crime measures in London**, as opposed to fourth in 2019.

Hackney and Haringey are the top two most deprived in this domain in London.

Many London boroughs have also come out lower in this measure compared to where they were in 2019.

## 2019

Local Authority	Crime rank (where 1 is most deprived)
Haringey	9
Islington	13
Hackney	15
Barking and Dagenham	21
<b>Lambeth</b>	<b>26</b>
Tower Hamlets	28
Newham	29
Greenwich	36
Southwark	37
Brent	45
Waltham Forest	46
Lewisham	50
Hounslow	55
Hammersmith and Fulham	58
Kensington and Chelsea	64
Camden	70
Redbridge	71
Croydon	74
Ealing	80
Hillingdon	83
Enfield	84
Havering	97
Wandsworth	101
Westminster	105
Barnet	111
Bromley	132
Merton	139
Richmond upon Thames	146
Bexley	165
Harrow	166
Sutton	172
Kingston upon Thames	207
City of London	317

## 2025

Local Authority	Crime rank (where 1 is most deprived)
Hackney	12
Haringey	30
Islington	33
Tower Hamlets	35
Lewisham	36
Greenwich	45
Barking and Dagenham	46
<b>Lambeth</b>	<b>54</b>
Southwark	61
Newham	64
Westminster	66
Kensington and Chelsea	67
Hounslow	68
Brent	75
Enfield	80
Camden	82
Waltham Forest	83
Hammersmith and Fulham	91
Croydon	100
Ealing	107
Hillingdon	116
Redbridge	122
Wandsworth	145
Barnet	146
Bexley	164
Havering	171
Merton	177
Sutton	184
Bromley	189
Harrow	201
Richmond upon Thames	221
Kingston upon Thames	222
City of London	295

# Crime deprivation: The Lambeth picture

This map shows the crime deprivation deciles of the borough's LSOAs, and the average crime deprivation ranking of each town centre area.

Within Lambeth, Brixton is the most deprived in terms of crime – with an average rank of 10,156 out of 33,755. The least deprived is Streatham, with an average rank of 14,688.

Lambeth has nine LSOAs in the 10% most health-deprived nationally – most of which (six) are in Brixton. The remaining three are in Clapham and Stockwell. Lambeth also has no LSOAs in the 10% least deprived nationally.

## Crime: Lambeth

- Neighbourhood areas
- Wards

### LSOAs by crime deprivation decile



**Clapham & Stockwell**  
13,625 / 33,755  
Average rank

**North Lambeth**  
12,445 / 33,755  
Average rank

**Brixton**  
10,156 / 33,755  
Average rank

**Streatham**  
14,688 / 33,755  
Average rank

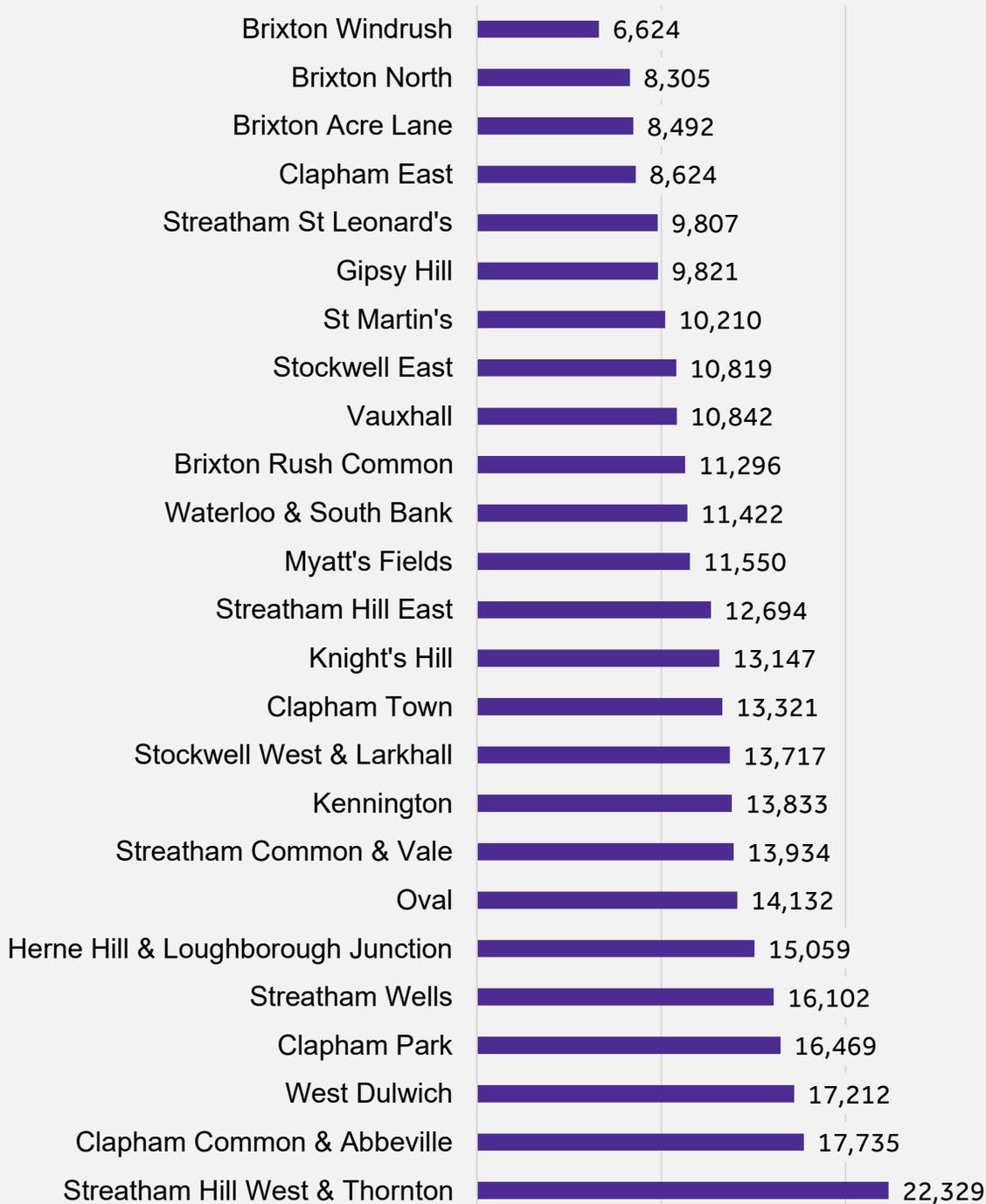
**Norwood**  
12,557 / 33,755  
Average rank

*\*Lambeth has no LSOAs in the least deprived 10% nationally and so this has been excluded from the key.*

# Crime deprivation: Lambeth wards

**Brixton Windrush** is the most deprived ward in terms of crime – with an average crime deprivation rank of **6,624 out of 33,755**. Meanwhile, the least deprived ward is **Streatham Hill West and Thornton**, with an average rank of **22,329**.

## Lambeth wards by average crime deprivation rank (out of possible 33,755)



# Barriers to housing and services deprivation



Lambeth

# Barriers to housing and services deprivation: Overview

Barriers to housing and services (BHS) deprivation is a measure of the financial and physical barriers to accessing housing and local services.

It contributes to 9.3% of a neighbourhood's overall (IMD) deprivation score.

**2025 measures rank Lambeth the 70<sup>th</sup> most deprived local authority area out of 296.**

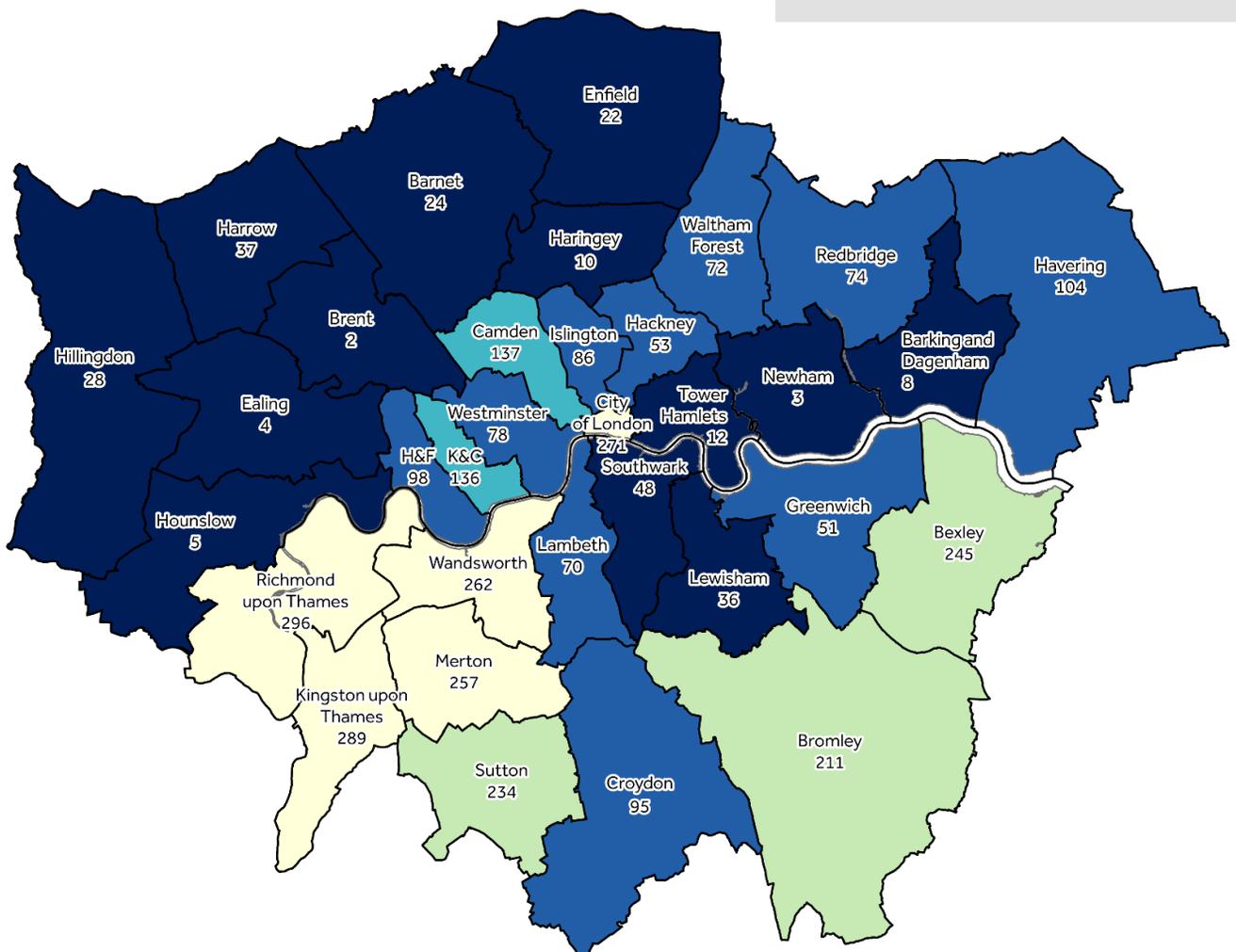
This means that, in this dimension, Lambeth is more deprived than 76% of local authority districts.

In 2019, Lambeth ranked 26<sup>th</sup> out of 317.

## BHS: London

Local authorities

London boroughs by BHS deprivation ranking (out of 296)



# Barriers to housing and services deprivation: The London picture

Most inner London boroughs are at least in the most 70% deprived in barriers to housing and services in the country, except for the City of London and Wandsworth.

While we cannot compare directly from 2019 to 2025 due to changes in methodology, the 2025 data places **Lambeth as the 16<sup>th</sup> most deprived in London**, as opposed to 19<sup>th</sup> in 2019.

Brent and Newham are the top two most deprived boroughs in this domain in London, and they also rank second and third **in the country**.

## 2019

Local Authority	BHS rank (where 1 is most deprived)
Newham	1
Barking and Dagenham	2
Hackney	3
Brent	4
Enfield	5
Waltham Forest	6
Kensington and Chelsea	7
Haringey	9
City of London	10
Ealing	11
Hounslow	12
Lewisham	13
Harrow	14
Croydon	15
Southwark	16
Greenwich	17
Tower Hamlets	19
Barnet	20
<b>Lambeth</b>	<b>26</b>
Islington	27
Hillingdon	28
Hammersmith and Fulham	30
Redbridge	31
Bromley	32
Wandsworth	39
Bexley	58
Kingston upon Thames	60
Westminster	83
Sutton	110
Havering	118
Merton	128
Camden	132
Richmond upon Thames	242

## 2025

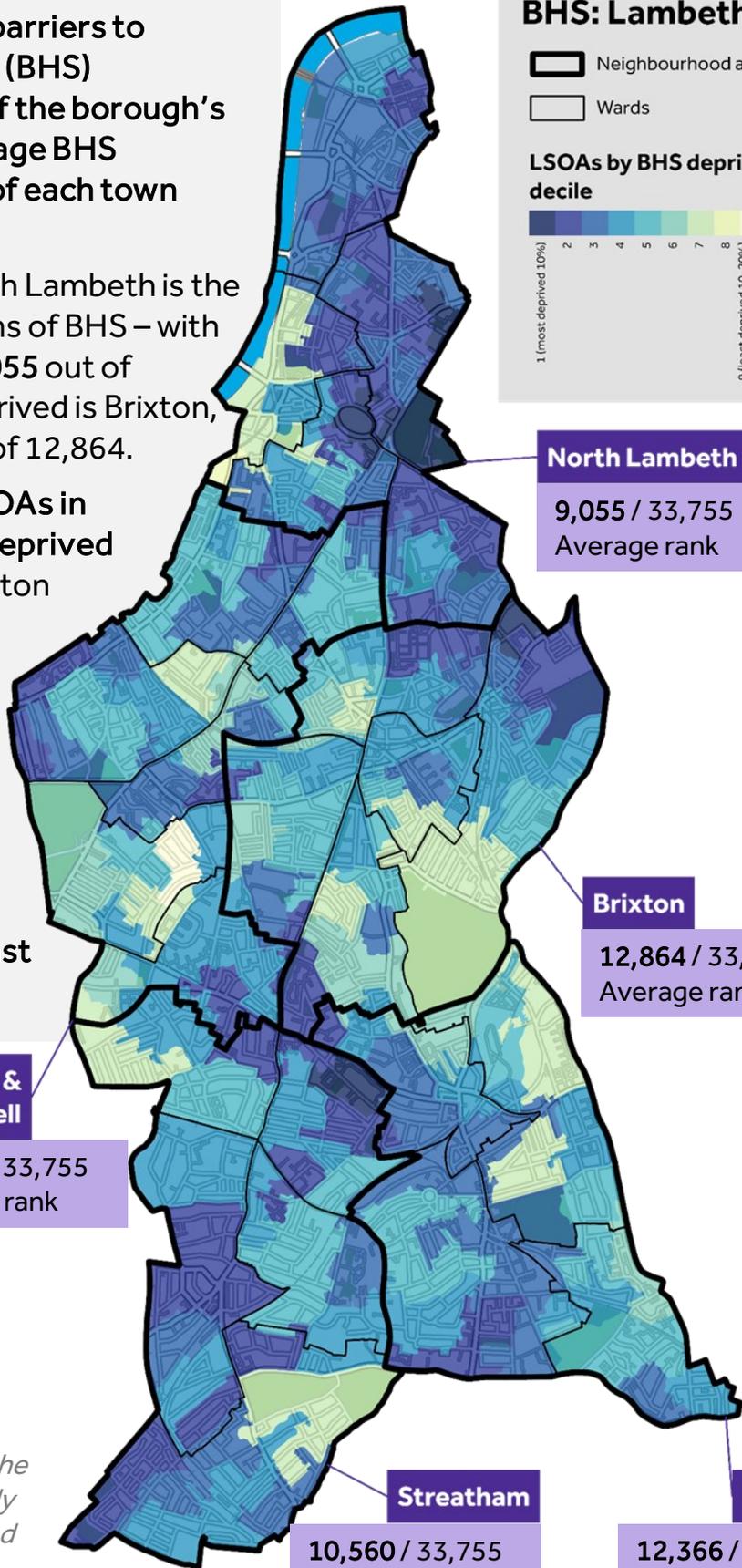
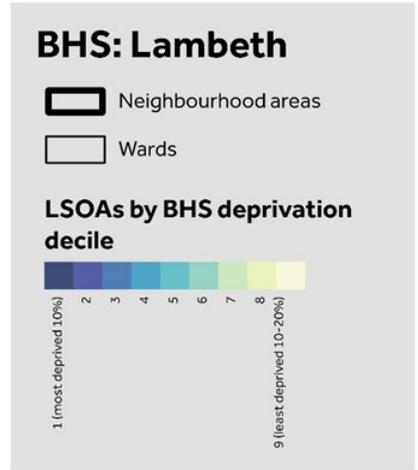
Local Authority	BHS rank (where 1 is most deprived)
Brent	2
Newham	3
Ealing	4
Hounslow	5
Barking and Dagenham	8
Haringey	10
Tower Hamlets	12
Enfield	22
Barnet	24
Hillingdon	28
Lewisham	36
Harrow	37
Southwark	48
Greenwich	51
Hackney	53
<b>Lambeth</b>	<b>70</b>
Waltham Forest	72
Redbridge	74
Westminster	78
Islington	86
Croydon	95
Hammersmith and Fulham	98
Havering	104
Kensington and Chelsea	136
Camden	137
Bromley	211
Sutton	234
Bexley	245
Merton	257
Wandsworth	262
City of London	271
Kingston upon Thames	289
Richmond upon Thames	296

# Barriers to housing and services deprivation: The Lambeth picture

This map shows the barriers to housing and services (BHS) deprivation deciles of the borough's LSOAs, and the average BHS deprivation ranking of each town centre area.

Within Lambeth, North Lambeth is the most deprived in terms of BHS – with an average rank of 9,055 out of 33,755. The least deprived is Brixton, with an average rank of 12,864.

Lambeth has four LSOAs in the 10% most BHS-deprived nationally: one in Brixton (Herne Hill and Loughborough Junction), two in North Lambeth (both in Kennington), and one in Streatham (in Streatham Hill East). Lambeth also has no LSOAs in the 10% least deprived nationally.

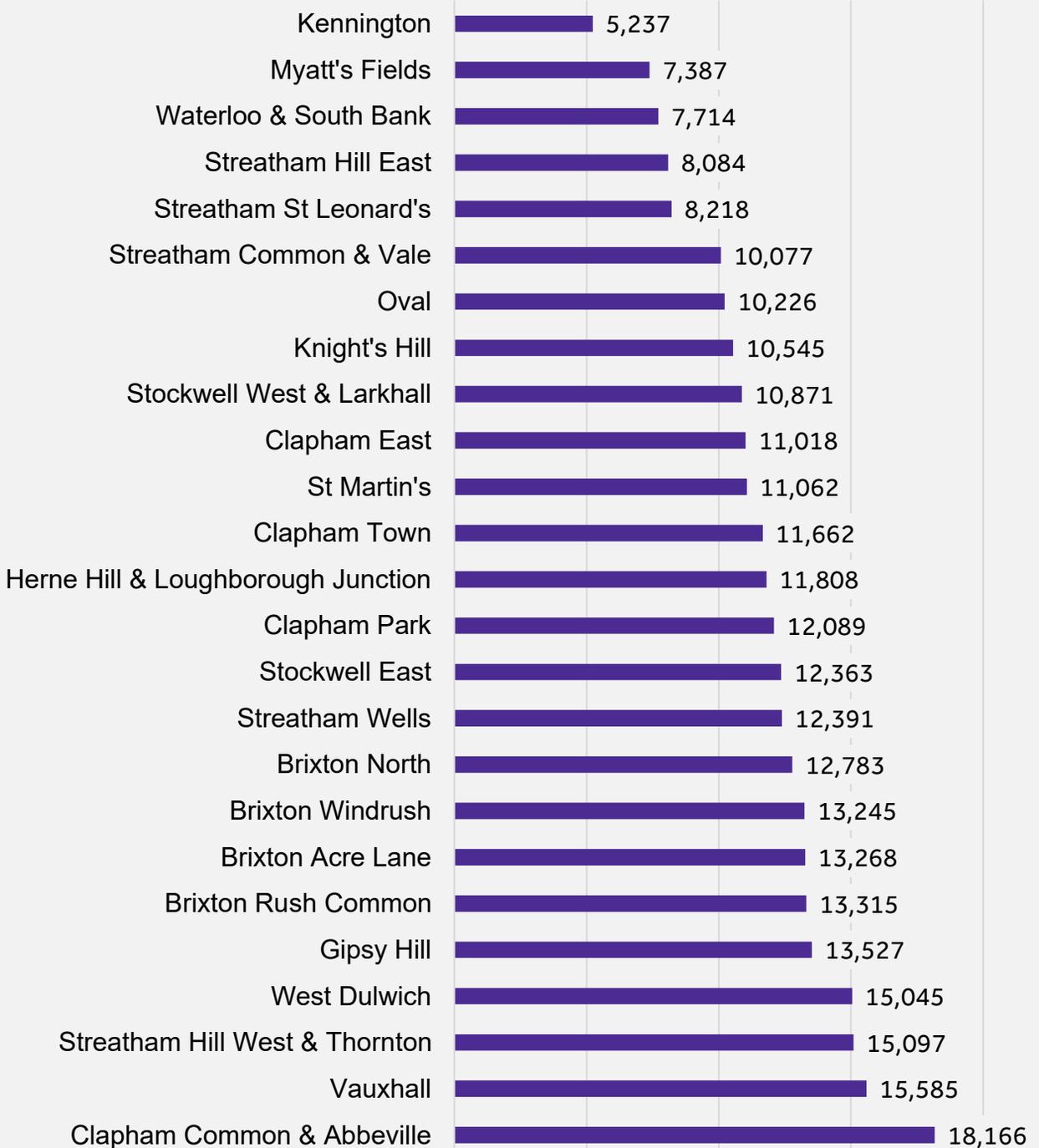


*\*Lambeth has no LSOAs in the least deprived 10% nationally and so this has been excluded from the key.*

# Barriers to housing and services deprivation: Lambeth wards

**Kennington** is the most deprived ward in terms of barriers to housing and services – with an average rank of **5,237** out of a possible 33,755. The least deprived ward is Clapham Common and Abbeville, with an average rank of 18,166.

## Lambeth wards by average BHS rank (out of possible 33,755)



# Living Environment deprivation



Lambeth

# Living environment deprivation: Overview

Living environment deprivation refers to the standard of housing and the quality of the outdoor environment.

It contributes to 9.3% of a neighbourhood's overall (IMD) deprivation score.

## 2025 measures rank Lambeth the seventh most deprived local authority area out of 296.

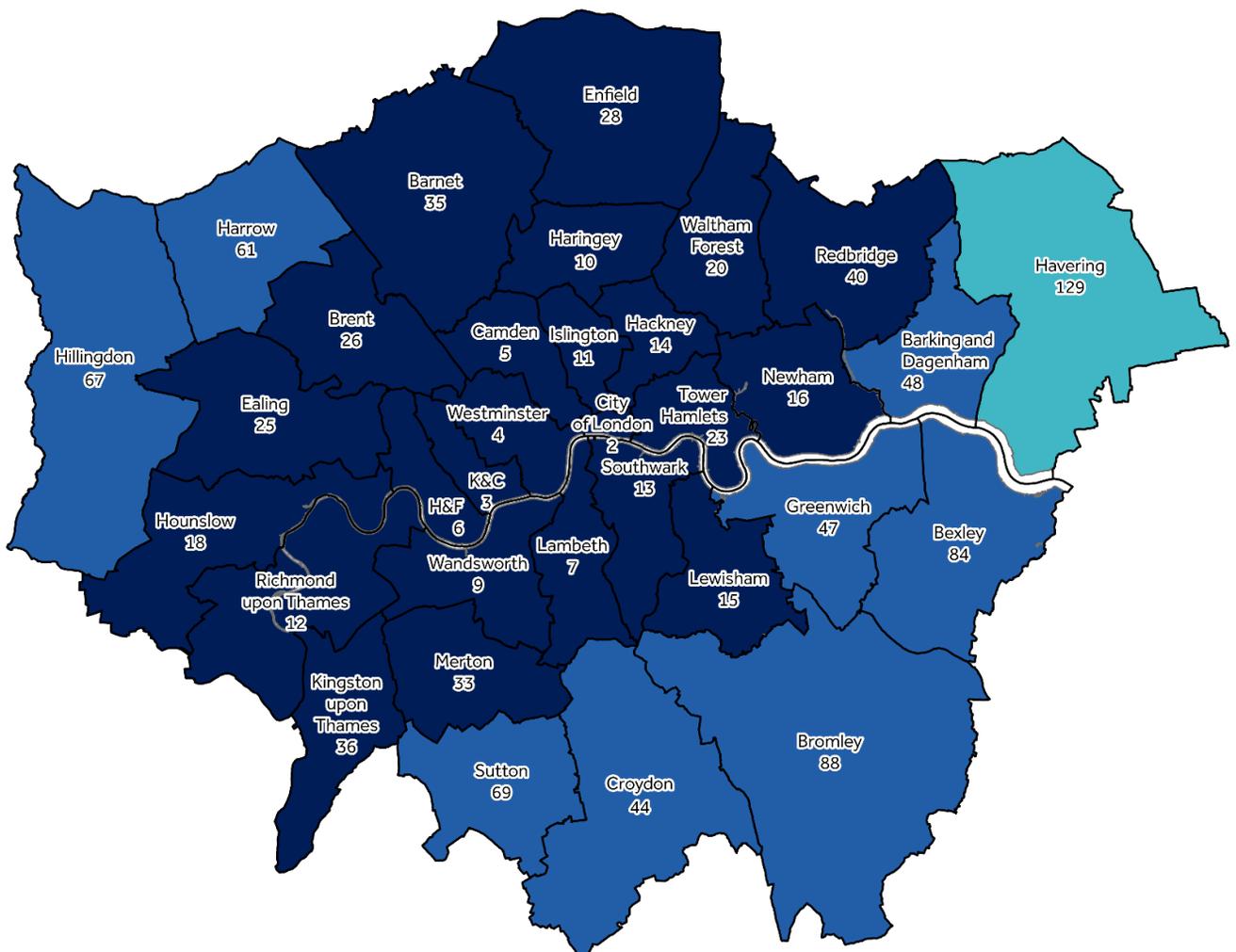
This means that, in this dimension, Lambeth is more deprived than 98% of local authority districts.

2019 measures ranked Lambeth second out of 317.

## Living environment: London

Local authorities

London boroughs by living environment deprivation ranking (out of 296)



# Living environment deprivation : The London picture

London boroughs score particularly high on living environment measures, with **eight of the top ten most deprived in the country being in London. In 2019 there were only four London boroughs in the top ten.**

While we cannot compare directly from 2019 to 2025 due to changes in methodology, the 2025 data places **Lambeth as the sixth most deprived in London**, as opposed to first regionally and second nationally in 2019.

The City of London and Kensington and Chelsea are the top two most deprived in this domain in London, and rank second and third nationally, respectively.

## 2019

Local Authority	Living environment rank (where 1 is most deprived)
<b>Lambeth</b>	<b>2</b>
Kensington and Chelsea	3
Westminster	4
City of London	10
Lewisham	11
Southwark	12
Islington	13
Hackney	14
Hammersmith and Fulham	16
Haringey	17
Waltham Forest	19
Camden	22
Tower Hamlets	24
Newham	25
Wandsworth	26
Ealing	34
Hounslow	36
Merton	38
Barking and Dagenham	41
Brent	46
Enfield	53
Richmond upon Thames	55
Redbridge	67
Croydon	69
Barnet	71
Kingston upon Thames	72
Greenwich	73
Sutton	105
Hillingdon	117
Bexley	123
Harrow	127
Bromley	140
Havering	166

## 2025

Local Authority	Living environment rank (where 1 is most deprived)
City of London	2
Kensington and Chelsea	3
Westminster	4
Camden	5
Hammersmith and Fulham	6
<b>Lambeth</b>	<b>7</b>
Wandsworth	9
Haringey	10
Islington	11
Richmond upon Thames	12
Southwark	13
Hackney	14
Lewisham	15
Newham	16
Hounslow	18
Waltham Forest	20
Tower Hamlets	23
Ealing	25
Brent	26
Enfield	28
Merton	33
Barnet	35
Kingston upon Thames	36
Redbridge	40
Croydon	44
Greenwich	47
Barking and Dagenham	48
Harrow	61
Hillingdon	67
Sutton	69
Bexley	84
Bromley	88
Havering	129

# Living environment deprivation: The Lambeth picture

This map shows the living environment deprivation deciles of the borough's LSOAs, and the average living environment deprivation ranking of each town centre area.

The gap in average rank between neighbourhood areas is relatively narrow, however **Brixton** is the most deprived in terms of its living environment – with an average rank of **5,004** out of 33,755. **Norwood**, the least deprived, is not far behind – at **5,773** out of 33,755.

Lambeth has **67 LSOAs** in the **10% most living environment deprived nationally**. These are fairly spread across the borough's neighbourhood areas – ranging from ten in North Lambeth to 18 in Brixton. Notably, Lambeth also has **no LSOAs in the top four deciles (30-40%) nationally**.

## Living environment: Lambeth

 Neighbourhood areas

 Wards

LSOAs by living environment deprivation decile



**North Lambeth**

**5,400 / 33,755**  
Average rank

**Brixton**

**5,004 / 33,755**  
Average rank

**Clapham & Stockwell**

**5,225 / 33,755**  
Average rank

**Streatham**

**5,502 / 33,755**  
Average rank

**Norwood**

**5,773 / 33,755**  
Average rank

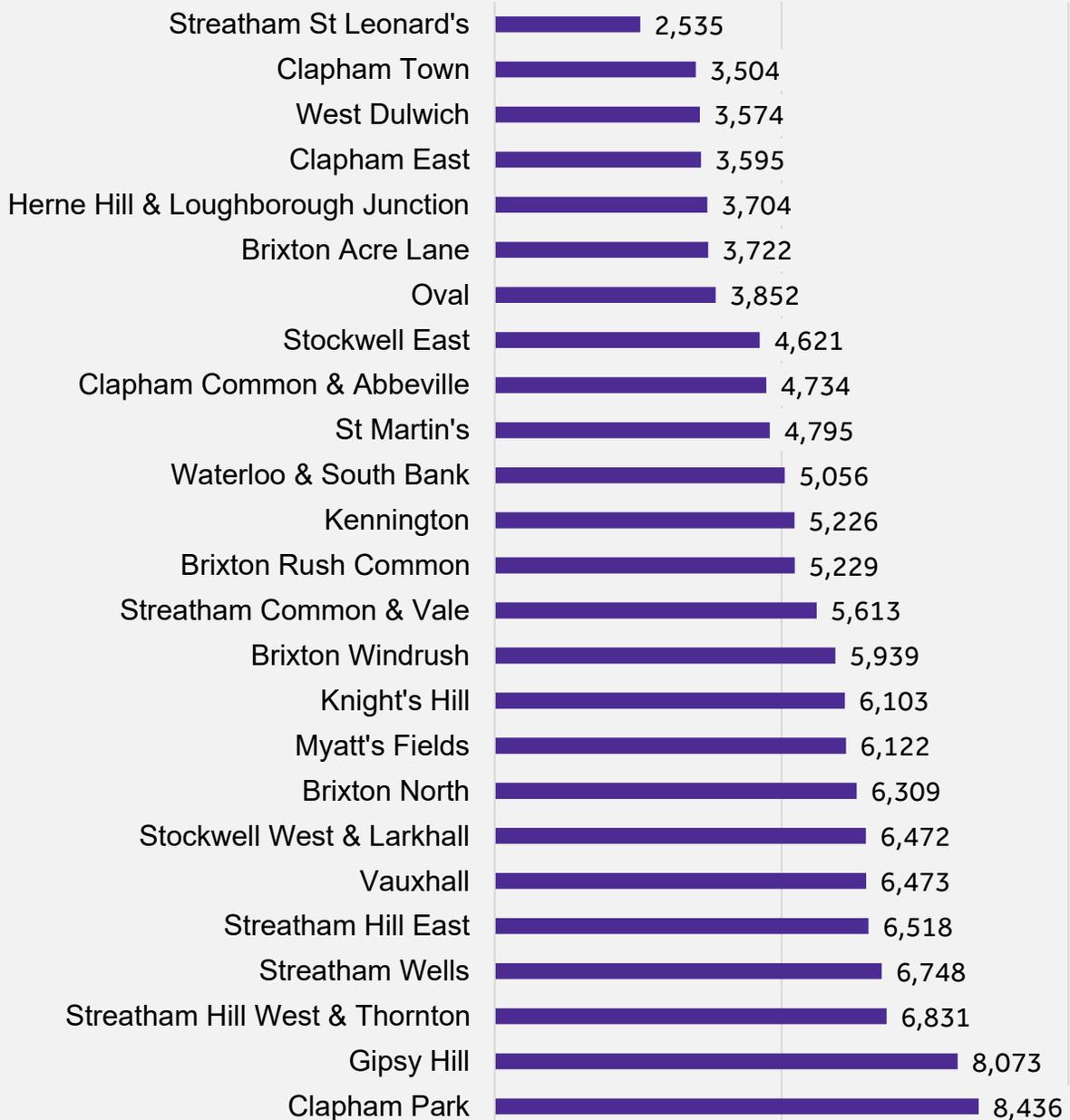
*\*Lambeth has no LSOAs in the least deprived 30-40% nationally and so this decile and 'above' has been excluded from the key.*

# Living environment deprivation: Lambeth wards

**Streatham St Leonard's** is the most deprived Lambeth ward in terms of its living environment – with an average rank of **2,535** out of a possible 33,755. This would place it as **among the most deprived areas in the country** in this domain.

The least living environment-deprived ward is Clapham Park, with an average rank of 8,436.

## Lambeth wards by average living environment deprivation ranking (out of possible 33,755)



# Local summaries



Lambeth

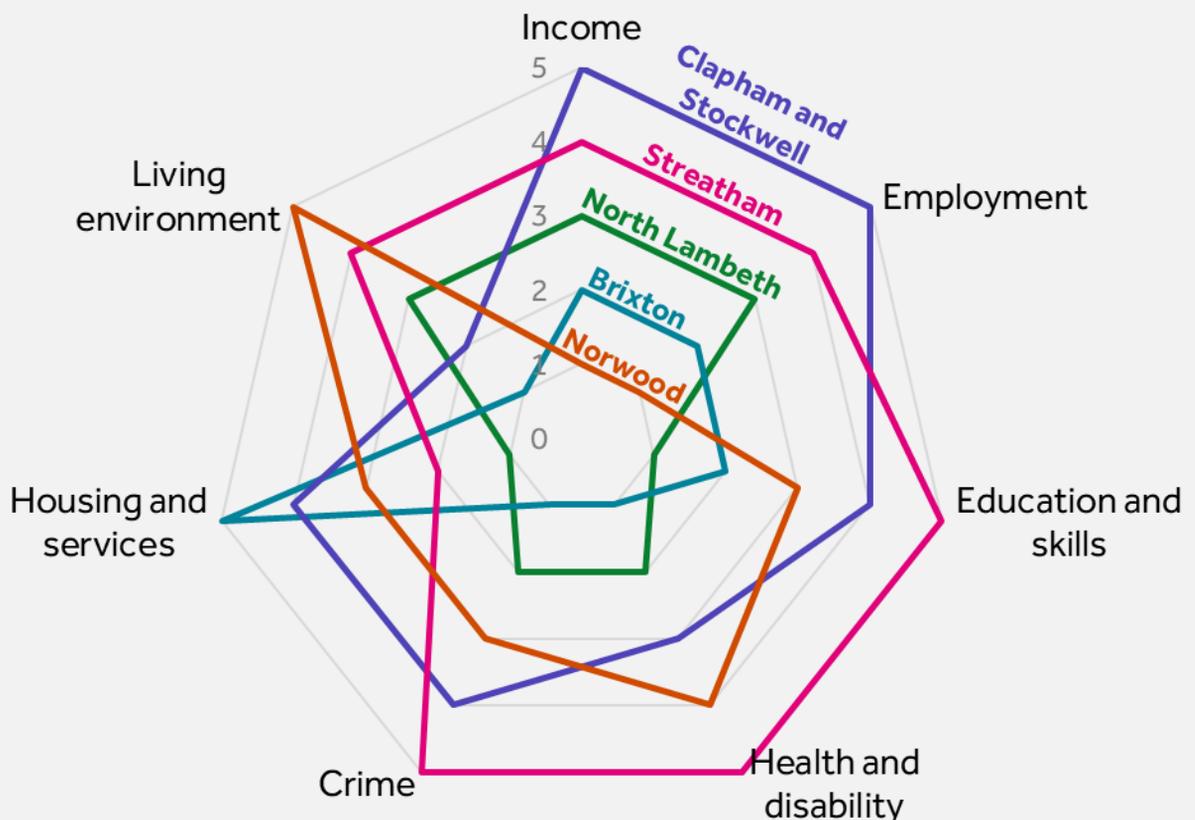
# Local summary: Neighbourhoods

This chart plots out each neighbourhood area based on how their average rank for each domain ranks within Lambeth. With '1' being the most deprived neighbourhood in Lambeth for that domain, and '5' being the least. So, areas with smaller shapes are more deprived across domains compared to areas with larger or more 'full' profiles.

This makes it more clear how favourably Streatham and Clapham and Stockwell rank within Lambeth compared to Brixton in particular – with the sole exception of barriers to housing and services, where Brixton is the least deprived within Lambeth.

These profiles roughly align with the rankings of each neighbourhood's average Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) rank within Lambeth:

1. Norwood (12,008 / 33,755)
2. Brixton (12,017 / 33,755)
3. North Lambeth (12,645 / 33,755)
4. Clapham and Stockwell (14,626 / 33,755)
5. Streatham (14,780 / 33,755)



# Local summary: Wards

This table ranks each Lambeth ward based on their average LSOA ranks for each domain. '1' is the most deprived ward in that domain, and '25' is the least deprived ward.

Ward (A-Z)	IMD	Income	IDACI	IDAOPi	Employment
Brixton Acre Lane	16	19	8	6	20
Brixton North	3	4	1	3	7
Brixton Rush Common	11	11	13	14	11
Brixton Windrush	2	6	6	1	4
Clapham Common & Abbeville	24	24	24	21	25
Clapham East	12	15	4	7	16
Clapham Park	19	14	14	4	14
Clapham Town	20	22	22	19	22
Gipsy Hill	4	2	15	8	1
Herne Hill & Loughborough Junction	17	18	20	16	18
Kennington	6	5	5	13	6
Knight's Hill	8	8	19	17	3
Myatt's Fields	1	1	2	2	2
Oval	15	16	9	9	15
St Martin's	5	7	10	12	5
Stockwell East	14	13	11	10	12
Stockwell West & Larkhall	7	3	3	5	8
Streatham Common & Vale	13	10	18	23	9
Streatham Hill East	9	9	16	15	10
Streatham Hill West & Thornton	25	25	25	24	24
Streatham St Leonard's	10	12	17	20	13
Streatham Wells	22	17	21	22	17
Vauxhall	23	21	7	11	23
Waterloo & South Bank	18	23	12	18	21
West Dulwich	21	20	23	25	19

# Local summary: Wards

This table ranks each Lambeth ward based on their average LSOA ranks for each domain. '1' is the most deprived ward in that domain, and '25' is the least deprived ward.

Ward (A-Z)	Education	Health	Crime	BHS	Environment
Brixton Acre Lane	20	6	3	19	6
Brixton North	1	2	2	17	18
Brixton Rush Common	8	11	10	20	13
Brixton Windrush	4	1	1	18	15
Clapham Common & Abbeville	24	22	24	25	9
Clapham East	17	4	4	10	4
Clapham Park	14	13	22	14	25
Clapham Town	22	16	15	12	2
Gipsy Hill	11	5	6	21	24
Herne Hill & Loughborough Junction	21	20	20	13	5
Kennington	7	12	17	1	12
Knight's Hill	15	7	14	8	16
Myatt's Fields	3	3	12	2	17
Oval	9	17	19	7	7
St Martin's	5	15	7	11	10
Stockwell East	10	10	8	15	8
Stockwell West & Larkhall	2	9	16	9	19
Streatham Common & Vale	6	21	18	6	14
Streatham Hill East	13	14	13	4	21
Streatham Hill West & Thornton	25	23	25	23	23
Streatham St Leonard's	18	18	5	5	1
Streatham Wells	23	24	21	16	22
Vauxhall	16	19	9	24	20
Waterloo & South Bank	12	8	11	3	11
West Dulwich	19	25	23	22	3

# About the authors



Lambeth

# About the authors

**This report was produced by Lambeth Council's Research and Evaluation team.**

We are a small, two-person team who conduct research and evaluations to help ensure decision-making in the Council is rooted in the experiences and perceptions of Lambeth residents, staff, and local organisations.



## **Rob May (he/him)**

Senior Research and Evaluation Manager

Rob has worked at Lambeth for 15 years. Before joining the Research and Evaluation team, he worked in other areas within Strategy and Communications – including consultation and engagement, the policy team, and Lambeth's first grant management team. His local government career began with a three-year stint at Sheffield City Council, where he worked in HR before moving on to contract monitoring home care providers.

Rob loves to find and quantify resident insight, and to see this utilised in council priorities and policies. He has been a Lambeth resident since 2021 and is proud to call it his home.



## **Hisham Husain (any pronouns)**

Research and Evaluation Manager

Hisham has worked at Lambeth for three years, following a previous research role at another London council and, before that, a National Management Traineeship where they worked on a range of local government projects: evaluating cultural programmes, informing planning policy, and running a COVID-19 Citizens' Panel.

Hisham holds a Master's in gender studies and social research, and places equity and justice at the heart of their research practice. While they initially identified as a 'qually', Hisham now considers themselves a mixed-methods researcher and is especially passionate about spatial analysis and place-based research. Their favourite thing: a great map.

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