Equality Impact Assessment	Please enter responses below in the right hand columns
Date	13 March 2017
Sign-off path for EIA	Head of Equalities
Title of Project, business area, policy/strategy	Confirmation of a Non-Immediate Article 4 Direction for change of use from office to residential
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London Borough of Lambeth Equality Impact Assessment

Please enter responses below in the right hand columns.

1.0 Introduction

1.1 Business activity aims and	To confirm an Article 4 Direction made by the Council on the 25 July 2016 relating to a
intentions	permitted development right for the change of use from office (B1a) to residential (C3).
In brief explain the aims of your	Once confirmed, the Article 4 Direction removes this permitted development right in
proposal/project/service, why is it	targeted areas of the borough and any proposal involving the change of use from office to
needed? Who is it aimed at? What is the	residential will require planning permission from 15 September 2017. This will enable the
intended outcome? What are the links	Council to manage the loss of office space by assessing any proposal against the adopted
to the political vision, and outcomes?	Local Plan policies.

2.0 Analysing your equalities evidence

2.1 Evidence

• State of the Borough Report 2016

Protected characteristics and local equality characteristics	Impact analysis
Race	 Positive The State of the Borough Report 2016 identifies that employment rates are lower for BME groups (66% compared to 85% for white working age residents). The removal of permitted development rights is likely to have a positive effect on the BME population by protecting office floor space which provides employment and business opportunities for all residents but particularly those currently unemployed. Removing permitted development rights and requiring conversions to residential to be assessed against adopted planning policies will result in quality accommodation that benefits all of the borough's residents.
Gender	Unknown No data is available on the businesses currently occupying the units to be protected by the Article 4 Direction and who they employ therefore it is not possible to assess the

	impact of protecting the office floor space on gender. However, removing permitted development rights and requiring conversions to residential to be assessed against adopted planning policies will result in quality accommodation that benefits all of the borough's residents.
Gender re-assignment	Unknown No data is available on the businesses currently occupying the units to be protected by the Article 4 Direction and who they employ therefore it is not possible to assess the impact of protecting the office floor space on those undergoing gender re-assignment. However, removing permitted development rights and requiring conversions to residential to be assessed against adopted planning policies will result in quality accommodation that benefits all of the borough's residents.
Disability	Unknown No data is available on the businesses currently occupying the units to be protected by the Article 4 Direction and who they employ therefore it is not possible to assess the impact of protecting the office floor space on those with disabilities. However, removing permitted development rights and requiring conversions to residential to be assessed against adopted planning policies will result in quality accommodation that benefits all of the borough's residents and are accessible to those with a disability.
Age	Positive The State of the Borough Report identifies that Lambeth has a relatively young age profile and is a destination for young working age people. 51% of the borough is aged 20-44 and 28% are 25-34. The removal of permitted development rights is likely to have a positive effect on young people and the working age population by ensuring the Council can control the loss of office floor space to ensure that businesses have access to floor space and can continue to provide jobs and employment opportunities to young people and those of a working age. Removing permitted development rights and requiring conversions to residential to be assessed against adopted planning policies will result in quality accommodation that benefits all of the borough's residents.
Sexual orientation	Unknown No data is available on the businesses currently occupying the units to be protected by the Article 4 Direction and who they employ therefore it is not possible to assess the

	impact of protecting the office floor space on sexual orientation. However, removing permitted development rights and requiring conversions to residential to be assessed
	against adopted planning policies will result in quality accommodation that benefits all of the borough's residents.
Religion and belief	Unknown
	No data is available on the businesses currently occupying the units to be protected by the Article 4 Direction and who they employ therefore it is not possible to assess the impact of protecting the office floor space on religion and belief. However, removing permitted development rights and requiring conversions to residential to be assessed against adopted planning policies will result in quality accommodation that benefits all of the borough's residents.
Pregnancy and maternity	Positive
	Removing permitted development rights and assessing proposals for the suitability of office floor space to be converted to residential will have a positive impact on those with the pregnancy and maternity characteristics. B1a floor space could be located in employment or industrial areas where it is not appropriate to locate residential development due to noise, dust and smells which could have negative impact on those who are pregnant or new-born children. Requiring the change of use from office to residential can prevent them being located in inappropriate locations.
Marriage and civil partnership	Unknown No data is available on the businesses currently occupying the units to be protected by the Article 4 Direction and who they employ therefore it is not possible to assess the impact of protecting the office floor space on marriage and civil partnership. However, removing permitted development rights and requiring conversions to residential to be assessed against adopted planning policies will result in quality accommodation that benefits all of the borough's residents.
Socio-economic factors	Positive The Article 4 Direction will have a positive impact on economic growth in the borough by ensuring that office and employment floor space is protected and requiring any proposed loss to be assessed against adopted Local Plan planning policies. This will protect the borough's potential for economic growth and development, opportunities for business

	start-up and expansion, job retention and creation and future opportunities for local people which will benefit all residents and those with a protected characteristic.
Language	Unknown
	No data is available on the businesses currently occupying the units to be protected by the Article 4 Direction and who they employ therefore it is not possible to assess the impact of protecting the office floor space on language.
Health	Positive The State of the Borough 2016 reports that over 85% of people in Lambeth say they are in good or very good health. Just under 5% of the population have bad or very bad health and approximately one in four Lambeth households has someone with a long-term health problem or disability. Removing permitted development rights and requiring changes of use from office to residential to be submitted as a planning application and assessed against Local Plan policies will have positive impacts on the health of the borough. Any planning application will be assessed against factors such as impact on amenity, whether adequate daylight and sunlight are provided, air quality and noise are mitigated and units meet adopted space standards. It also will prevent residential accommodation being located in inappropriate locations whereby residents are subject to noise, dust and smells from other employment uses. All of these factors can have a negative impact on health
	and will ensure that residents continue to report to be in good or very good health as their living conditions will not be having a negative impact on their health and wellbeing.
2.2 Gaps in evidence base	The Council does not hold data on the businesses currently occupying the units and data on who they employ. This means it is not possible to assess the impact of the loss of these businesses or employers on those with protected characteristics if the B1a floor space they occupy was to be converted through residential under permitted development rights. No representations were received from the owners/occupiers of the affected buildings during the consultation on the making of the Article 4 Direction which meant that no further data could be gathered.
3.0 Consultation, Involvement and	d Coproduction
3.1 Coproduction, involvement and consultation	After making the Article 4 Direction the LPA was required to notify affected owners/occupiers and the Secretary of State. 49 site notices were put up in the affected areas, 767 letters were sent to affected owners/occupiers, a public notice was placed in

	the Lambeth weekender and details of the Article 4 Direction were available on the Council's webpages. Representations on the making of the Article 4 Direction were sought between 29 July and 23 September. One representation was received and no representations were received from the affected landowners/occupiers and so no data could be gathered on who is occupying the businesses and who they employ.
3.2 Gaps in coproduction, consultation and involvement	The notification and consultation on the making of the Article 4 Direction were in accordance with the requirements of the General Permitted Development Order 2015. No further consultation on the Article 4 Direction is required but the same methods will be used to notify the necessary stakeholders that the Article 4 Direction has been confirmed.
4.0 Conclusions, justification and a	action
4.1 Conclusions and justification	The EIA has not identified any direct negative impacts on any groups with protected characteristics. It has identified there are likely to be positive impacts on BME groups, young people, those of working age and the pregnancy and maternity protected characteristic. It will also have a positive impact on the health of residents in the borough Due to the lack of data available there is an unknown impact gender, gender re- assignment, disability, sexual orientation, religion & belief and marriage & civil partnership. However, removing the permitted development right and requiring conversions to residential to be assessed against adopted planning policies will result in quality accommodation that benefits all of the borough's residents.
	As no identified any direct negative impacts have been identified on any groups with protected characteristics, it is considered that no mitigation measures are necessary.

Please list the equality issue/s identified through the evidence and the mitigating action to be taken. Please also detail the date when the action will be taken and the name and job title of the responsible officer.

Equality Issue	Mitigating actions
Example:	Example:

5.0 Publishing your results	
	d. Once the business activity has been implemented the EIA must be periodically reviewed anticipated impact and the actions set out at 4.2 are still appropriate.
EIA publishing date	13 March 2017
EIA review date	
Assessment sign off (name/job title):	

All completed and signed-off EIAs must be submitted to <u>equalities@lambeth.gov.uk</u> for publication on Lambeth's website. Where possible, please anonymise your EIAs prior to submission (i.e. please remove any references to an officers' name, email and phone number).